

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

CLEARFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916

The Newspaper That
Goes Home and Stays

Volume X

VILLISTAS KILL 12 ON AMERICAN SOIL

Kaiser Declares War on Portugal, Result of Seizure of Ships

Fourteen Nations Now Engaged in the Greatest War of All Time—No Surprise at Declaration

BERLIN CLAIMS "ENGLAND CAUSED IT"

T. R. OBJECTS TO USE OF NAME IN STATE PRIMARIES

Despite His Wish, He Recognizes That Services Are Subject to Draft in a Crisis

Declaration Made in Statement From Port of Spain in West Indies—Says He Does Not Want Presidential Nomination.

New York, March 9. (By United Press)—Col. Theodore Roosevelt "does not wish" the presidential nomination and "will not consent" to having his name used in any of the coming state primaries. He was declared today in a statement made at Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies, and called by Henry L. Stoddard to the New York Evening Mail. The statement makes it clear, however, that despite his wishes, the Colonel recognizes that his services are subject to draft in their crisis.

The statement in part follows: "I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred on me and of the good will shown me by the gentlemen who have announced themselves as delegates to be elected in my interest in the Massachusetts presidential primaries."

BIGGEST GAME OF SEASON TO BE PLAYED HERE FRIDAY

DuBois and Clearfield High Teams to Meet in Annual Struggle

Tomorrow evening the biggest and most exciting basketball game of the season will be played at the Y. M. C. A. between the Clearfield and DuBois High school teams. Every year this game comes up to the expectations of the large crowd which always attend and this year the teams are more evenly matched than ever before and for this reason the game is expected to be the fastest and most interesting of any which has or will be played on the local floor.

The Clearfield-DuBois game which was played at DuBois in January resulted in a 20-20 tie after playing three extra periods of five minutes to break the deadlock. That game undoubtedly was the best ever played at DuBois. The game will start at eight fifteen sharp. Admission twenty five cents.

MERCHANTS' BUREAU MEETING

There will be a meeting of the Merchants' bureau of the chamber of commerce this evening at eight o'clock in the chamber of commerce room.

Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

BE SURE TO SEE The Birth of a Nation

D. W. Griffith's Mighty Spectacle at the P. R. R. Y. M. C. A. Theatre, Tyrone, Pa., Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 9-10-11. Matinee Friday and Saturday. Special night for out of town patrons, Friday, March 10. Special train from Granton to Tyrone and return. Leaves Clearfield 5:40 p. m. and stops at all stations. Prices, Matinee 25c to \$1.00. Evening 25c to \$2.00.

REPORT OF SCALE COMMITTEE MEETS DEMANDS OF MEN

No Suspension of Work Expected at Expiration of Present Wage Agreement

Committee Will be in Shape for Joint Conference Soon—Demand That Operators Completely Recognize The Union.

BULLETIN
New York, March 9. (By United Press)—The new wage scale of the bituminous mine workers granting increases and installing the "run of mine" system in districts which have not heretofore used it, was signed at 1:30 this afternoon.

According to action taken yesterday afternoon by the delegates to the United Mine Workers of District No. 2 there is small danger of a suspension in the district, pending scale negotiations. The scale committee brought in its report and its policy recommended that there be no suspension of work at the expiration of the present scale, provided that before the scale expires the operators' committee will have met with the miners' committee and agreed to the first provision of the miners' demands, which calls for complete recognition of the union. This makes practically certain that there will be no suspension and that the recommendation of International President J. P. White will be adhered to in this district.

The consideration of the scale occupied all of yesterday's session and provoked considerable discussion. The main portion of the discussion was in regard to the rate of wages for mining, working conditions and the day rate scale. But as evidence of the fact that the committee succeeded in meeting the wishes of the rank and file was shown when the scale was adopted with but one change.

The scale is radically different from those of other years, in that no attempt is made to take up the dead work question, leaving all disputes in regard to yardage and dead work scale in the hands of the locals themselves for settlement by meetings with the operators involved. This method was adopted because of the fact that the committee held it was the only method that could be adopted whereby advantages gained in certain districts could be held, and at the same time open the way for bettering conditions in others. This is the method being adopted in many other districts.

Some radical amendments were made, in which the demands were away above what the committee recommended, but the officers as well as members of the scale committee talked against such amendments, stating that they wanted a reasonable scale, and one for which they could fight with reasonable hope of success.

Much discussion arose over the proposition to continue work even though a scale had not been agreed upon when the present one expires. Several delegates spoke against the portion of the scale report. Vice President O'Neill, secretary of the scale committee, who is usually well informed on every detail of the scale and of the conditions in the district, spoke emphatically in favor of the clause to continue work, pointing out the advantages that would accrue. Delegate Waite also spoke in favor of the clause, pointing out that a suspension would give non-union fields an opportunity to get contracts away from this district. President Furek, in speaking for the clause, pointed out that there was a proviso in the present scale that bound the men to work thirty days after the beginning of negotiations for the new scale, and he demanded that this provision be lived up to. The mover advocates strikes unless absolutely necessary. He asked the men not to go contrary to the national convention.

The complete scale is as follows:
DuBois, Pa., March 6, 1916.
To the Officers and Delegates of the Twenty-Fifth Convention of the United Mine Workers of District No. 2, Gentlemen and Brothers:
We, your Committee on Scale, have

New War Secretary Is Sworn in Today



Newton D. Baker

Washington, March 9. (By United Press)—Newton D. Baker was sworn in as secretary of war today. He found one of the department's worst troubles—the Mexican situation—awaiting him. Leaving the white house after a conference with President Wilson the new secretary was shown a United Press dispatch telling of a raid by Villistas on Columbus, New Mexico. "It looks as though I would have something to do immediately," he said. "However, getting busy is the best way to keep from getting homesick." He made his first official report to Wilson on the Mexican raid.

TO STANDARDIZE FARM PRODUCTS.

San Francisco, March 9.—A convention of farm and orchard owners and managers of delta lands in Central California met in this city today to discuss ways and means of standardizing and marketing their products. One of the plans under consideration calls for the establishment of a market in San Francisco to handle exclusively the products of the delta lands, which embrace a large area of the most highly developed farming lands in California.

ing carefully considered all resolutions submitted to us and having in mind the prosperous condition of our country at the present time, beg leave to submit the following recommendations as a substitute for all matters referred to us:

1. We demand complete and full recognition of the United Mine Workers of America, with indicated check-off.
2. We demand an increase of 3 cents per ton on tonnage rates at basing point. (Pick mine net ton to be basing point.)
3. A differential of 3 cents on coal 2 feet 6 inches and 3 cents on coal 3 feet 6 inches or over.
4. We demand an adjustment of the machine differential based upon the present rate of 10 cents per ton net for cutting, scraping and loading.
5. We demand an increase of five per cent on all days wage rates based upon the rates used under the International Agreement.
6. We demand a uniform day wage scale for all classes of field and outside day labor.
7. We demand cash bonus from bank to bank.
8. We demand a holiday every other Saturday.
9. We demand a weekly pay.
10. We demand an increase of five per cent on all purchase and dead work rates where paid by the hour.
11. We demand cash bonus from bank to bank.
12. We demand that all work be done in a safe and sane manner.
13. All differences in a mine are to be settled by the miners' committee and the operators' committee.
14. We demand that a group of the best of all mine men be placed in a position of honor.

Respectfully,
Your Committee on Scale, have

ALASKA TO HAVE WORLD'S FASTEST SERVICE OF MAILS

Aeroplane Service Will Cut Two Week Schedule to One of Twelve Hours

Economy is Primary Motive of Government in Substituting Aeroplanes for Dog Team, River Barge Service.

Washington, March 9. (By United Press)—With aeroplanes expected to cover 50 miles an hour, Alaska will have about the fastest mail service in the world. For the dog-teams, Yukon river barges, frontier railways and trails, the post office department will substitute the latest type of planes, capable of carrying 3,000 pound loads, at more than express train speed.

Beside the seven planned Alaska routes, there is likely to be one in Massachusetts. Economy is the primary motive of the government, but in at least one of the Alaskan routes one delivery of a letter which now takes two weeks will be accomplished in 12 hours.

In the Massachusetts route—starting from New Bedford and serving the islands of Martha's vineyard and Nantucket—the big difficulty to overcome, said Second Assistant Postmaster Praeger today, will be fog. In Alaska, difficulty is expected in finding suitable landing places; in the cross-winds that sweep in and out of mountain ranges; and in the intense cold the aviator will be subjected to in certain seasons.

"But it is not the human factor which worries us most," continued Praeger. "Your skilled aviator of today takes little account of wind and cold. An extremely dense fog will delay service some, probably."

"Another difficulty probably will be getting machines which will carry 3,000 pounds of mail. There are such machines on the European battle fields, but the demands of America may not have produced such giant craft."

Praeger has advertised for such machines and has appealed to the patriotic impulses of national aerial societies to show what American genius can do.

The main route in Alaska will be to Fairbanks, in the interior. Its mail now goes from the states to Skagway by boat, thence by rail, stage or dog-team to White Horse and the Yukon. The substitutes will be a direct service from Valdez to Fairbanks direct, 358 miles.

In the Massachusetts route the planes will be used between mainland and the outlying islands, across stormy and treacherous reaches of water.

If these routes are successful, says Praeger, the opportunities for further use of aviation mail service are almost limitless.

CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN AT COLLEGE OF MUSIC

This evening at eight o'clock the semi-monthly concert at the College of Music will be given by the College faculty and the orchestra. Many of Clearfield's most talented musicians will play selections at this concert and Miss Maude Pletcher will receive several pieces. The concert is free. Every one interested in music is cordially invited to attend.

BROWN, THE TAILOR SAYS:

The Suit that's made for you is your Suit—and for that reason looks better, feels better, wears longer than one that you merely buy.

So don't merely buy clothes. Have them Made for You—that's the way the men do who really care for their appearance.

Bandit Chief Directs Murderous Attack on Sleeping Cavalymen

Two Hour Battle Follows Night Raid on Columbus, New Mexico, in Which 400 Mexicans Participate

MEN AND WOMEN SHOT IN COLD BLOOD

Columbus, New Mexico, March 9. (By United Press)—Eleven Americans were killed by 100 Villistas who swooped down on this town in the darkness early today and were driven off only after nearly two hours fighting with 300 United States cavalrymen and citizens. Thirty or forty Villistas were killed or wounded it is estimated. Five American civilians were wounded.

Aroused from sleep by the sudden onrush of the Mexicans firing into the streets and houses, four American troopers and seven civilians, including one woman, were killed before the Villistas were finally driven across the border three miles below Columbus. Three United States soldiers were shot dead and a wounded trooper died shortly after the battle.

Rumors that several guests died in the Commercial Hotel, to which the Mexicans applied the torch, are not credited, although the ruins are being carefully searched for trace of bodies.

Mrs. Gean, wife of James Gean, a merchant, was shot down in cold blood beside her husband who was also killed in the defense of his home. T. C. Miller was shot and killed by the Mexicans before they set fire to his drug store. W. T. Richey, proprietor of the hotel, was no match for the squad of Villistas who attacked his place. Richey was killed by their first volley. Three other men gave up their lives aiding the troopers.

CAMP OF SONS OF VETERANS FORMED HERE LAST EVENING

Camp Named Col. John Irwin, in Honor of Civil War Veteran

Camp Number 156 of the Sons of Veterans was instituted last evening in the G. A. R. hall by District Organizer Col. Walter E. Smith. The meeting was largely attended, about thirty members being present. The members named the camp, Col. John Irwin, in honor of John Irwin, deceased, formerly of Clearfield.

The camp elected the following officers:

Commander, Squire E. G. Chorpens.
Sr. Vice commander, L. C. Norris.
Jr. Vice commander, Fred Gaulin.
Treasurer, H. B. Gaulin.
Secretary, Scott C. McKelvey.
Patriotic instructor, Frank Souders.
Chaplain, W. D. King.
Guide, Joseph E. Chase.
Camp council, Dr. A. M. Woodward.
A. R. Chase, Lewis Gaulin.
Delegate to state encampment, Dr. A. M. Woodward.
Alternate, A. R. Chase.

The camp will hold their meetings every Wednesday evening in the G. A. R. hall.

POTTSVILLE VISITED BY COSTLY FIRE THIS MORNING

Pottsville, March 9. (By United Press)—Fire starting at 2:10 a. m. completely destroyed the Centennial hall, a three-story brick building occupied on the first floor by a clothing store and on the second floor by the Garden picture show. Six frame dwellings in the rear of the building were also destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire started in the store of Rouse & Robinson and is believed to have been caused by escaped wires.

READING MANUFACTURER IN CLEARFIELD.

Mrs. S. P. Miller, a prominent manufacturer of Reading, Penn., together with Mr. W. H. B. Moore, one of New York City, who is a manufacturer of the same kind of goods, are in town today.

DO YOU WANT BEST ONE YET

To feel 5 years younger tomorrow? Then take a course of CLARK'S LIVER PILLS tonight. 24 Pills for 50 cents.

Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

WANTED—A good general housekeeper for a family of four. Apply to J. H. & C. O. Miller, Clearfield, Pa.

J. L. Greenwood, president of the Columbus bank, an eye witness to the battle, said the soldiers were asleep in their camp at the city limits when the Mexicans attacked. "The town was aroused by the first volley. Those of us who were armed tried to help the troopers but the first rush of the Mexicans on two sides of the town carried them through the patrol lines into the heart of the city. Three dead Mexicans were found right in front of the bank. They must have intended looting the vault."

"In the darkness the fighting went on mostly by the light of the burning buildings. The Mexicans were led by General Villa himself, according to citizens who know Villa. The Villistas certainly put up a hot fight. They were not driven out until after nearly two hours of fighting. I understand that Col. Blum has not asked for reinforcements, but I wish he would on that when we need more troops here to protect us we will have them here. A number of United States cavalry horses were carried off by the Villistas. The town settled down after the battle and was quiet before noon."

El Paso, Texas, March 9. (By United Press)—In a battle between Villistas bandits and United States soldiers at Columbus, New Mexico, following the Mexican attack on the city at 4:30 a. m. today, three American soldiers were killed and four wounded. Four Columbus civilians were killed and a number wounded and an unknown number of the bandits were killed. This report was given to United States Press by Brigadier General Fordham who received an official communication of the fighting from Colonel Blum, commanding officer at Columbus.

The dead Mexicans were strewn about the streets of Columbus according to Blum's last account. Four of the principal buildings of Columbus have been destroyed by the Mexicans, including the town's hotel. One woman was among the dead and wounded.

United States troops after capturing the bandit off pursued them toward the Mexican border. Blum's report stated. Miller, spent some time in the town today, but did not give the names of any of the dead or wounded American troops.

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CAN IT BE DONE?

We think it can be done. Can we? Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

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THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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Six Months \$1.50
Three Months75
One Month25

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THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 9, 1916.

We sincerely hope that the flock of robin heralded the other day didn't discard flannels for B. V. D's. before beginning his northward flight.

If Henry Ford wants to do a great work for his own country, he can. Let him take what small change he has left out of his million appropriated for getting the boys out of the trenches by (last) Christmas and establish a permanent endowment for a continuous lecture engagement for William Jennings Bryan in the Fiji, Friday, Sandwich and Gilbert Islands.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Prohibitionist: "It's all over. Had Judge Bell intended to grant wholesale and brewery licenses, he would have granted them last week."

Wholesalers and Brewers: "It's a cinch. Had Judge Bell intended to refuse us licenses, he would have refused us last week."

The Innocent Bystander: "Aint it a funny situation?"

IDLE MONEY.

The bank deposits of someone else which the man who is broke thinks he could use to fine advantage if he had it.

TUBERCULOSIS DEATH RATE DECLINES.

While the latest report of the Bureau of the Census shows that the in 1914 tuberculosis caused over 10.5 per cent. of all deaths in the registration area of the United States, The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis points out in a recent statement that the death rate from this disease is steadily decreasing, having declined from 200.7 per 100,000 population in 1904 to 146.8 in 1914. This would indicate, the Association claims, that the anti-tuberculosis movement organized in the last ten years is having a marked effect on the mortality of tuberculosis, especially since the death rate from this disease seems to be declining more rapidly than the general death rate from all causes.

Commenting on this decrease in the rate from tuberculosis, the bureau of census says: "As a result of a more general understanding of the laws of health, the importance of fresh air, etc., due in part, no doubt, to the efforts of the various societies for the prevention of tuberculosis, there has been a most marked and gratifying decrease during the recent years in the mortality from this scourge of civilization. In only a decade—from 1904 to 1914—the death rate from tuberculosis in all its forms fell from 200.7 to 146.8 per 100,000, the decline being continuous from year to year. This is a drop of more than 25 per cent."

As an indication of the growth of the campaign against tuberculosis, The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis shows that in 1905, when the campaign was definitely started, there were in the United States only thirty-nine anti-tuberculosis associations, 115 sanatoria and hospitals, twenty special clinics, no open air schools, and not more than 5,000 people actively interested in the prevention of this disease. At the close of the year 1915 there were over 1,500 anti-tuberculosis associations, 600 sanatoria and hospitals, 450 dispensaries, 800 open air schools, and over 100,000 people actively interested in the prevention of tuberculosis. Besides this, the fundamental truths that tuberculosis is a communicable, preventable and curable disease have been carried into almost every village and hamlet and to millions of men, women and children in a great variety of ways.

ENGLAND TO WAGE TRADE WAR AFTER GERMAN STRUGGLE

Central Business Organization
of England Has Sole Purpose
of Strangling German Trade

British Labor Will be Affiliated With
Central Organization Which Will
Ask Government for Non-Political
Ministry of Commerce.

BY WILBUR S. FORREST
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
London, March 8. — Preliminary to the greatest commercial vendetta in history are on in England today. If England was unprepared for war in August, 1914, there is no indication she will be unprepared for the great trade war against Germany which is to follow sterner hostilities. British commercial, manufacturing, and financial institutions are rapidly welding themselves into a central organization which will have for its sole purpose the strangling of German trade everywhere. This central organization, as already outlined, during a great meeting in the Guildhall, London, has for its purpose also an affiliation with British labor which will give the British worker the most powerful voice in history of unionism for the promotion of his welfare. Resolutions adopted agree that labor shall have a place in the organization and administration of the anti-German campaign on an equal footing with employers.

Labor has been asked to join in a great demand on the government for a non-political ministry of commerce. A remodeling of British technical and commercial education is to be demanded of the proposed ministry. That the British consular service throughout the world shall consist of the best educated and most practical business men that England can produce, is another demand. British consuls, it was agreed by the hundreds of leading commercial and financial heads attending the meeting, shall be paid high salaries with substantial cash bonuses for any considerable increase in British trade in their respective localities.

Albion with more than 160 chamber of commerce representing practically every commercial center in the British empire, the London chamber of commerce presented the following recommendations which were unanimously adopted:

For reciprocal trade relations between all parts of the British empire; Preferential trade with England's allies; Penalizing enemy countries by tariffs and otherwise.

A committee of the government board of trade commissioned to investigate and recommend changes to the advantage of British commerce today also is on record with a lengthy list of vital reforms designed to protect the British producer against foreign competition. The recommendations bar German mechanical toys from import and place heavy duties on "enemy" glass and leather wear. The government is asked for a vigorous enforcement of foreign patent laws and among other things for laws making it obligatory that foreign goods be plainly stamped as such.

Representatives from more than 100 British chambers of commerce met in London recently to frame further "stumps" for German trade. This meeting combined the voices of 30,000 manufacturers and merchants.

British bankers are planning a meeting to discuss financial and for new commercial enterprise, to fill the gaps left vacant by missing German imports. The great munition factories, now making shells for the army, are to be re-equipped with proper machinery for the manufacture of divers things that formerly came from Austria and Germany.

When England's great commercial, financial and manufacturing ring is finally welded, it will not alone endeavor to crowd out German trade in the British Isles and England's colonies, according to best information today. Its influence will be felt more strongly at first in the countries allied with England, but will eventually spread to the four quarters of the globe.

TO GAIN A POUND A WEEK For Three Months

Begin taking regularly five grain toneline tablets, which are made from a formula recently discovered by an eminent chemist.

Physicians and chemists agree that this tablet is very largely used for increasing the weight and improving the nervous system because of its aid to digestion, assimilation and absorption. The food elements which go to make blood and solid tissue are retained when this tablet is regularly used to correct constipation, and physicians and chemists agree that they in sealed packages.

DIAZ INTENDS TO LEAD NEW REVOLT AGAINST CAPITOL

Former Leader Supposed to
Have Raised Army of Thirty
Thousand in Oaxaca

Will March on Mexico City to Decide
Whether He or Carranza is to
Occupy Presidential Chair.

Washington, March 8.—What manner of man is this Felix Diaz, who is reported to have raised an army of 30,000 men in the State of Oaxaca with which he purposes to march on the City of Mexico to decide whether he or Carranza or some one else is to occupy the presidential chair?

Diaz is a nephew of the late Porfirio Diaz, the iron man of Mexico, who was overthrown by Madero and forced to spend the last years of his life in exile in Europe. During the presidency of Gen. Diaz his nephew was often spoken of as his successor, and the impression throughout Mexico in those days was that the nephew was being groomed, so to speak, to step into his uncle's shoes on the death of the latter.

Felix Diaz was born forty-nine years ago in the State of Oaxaca, in the south of Mexico. He entered the Military Academy of Chapultepec in 1883 and was commissioned a lieutenant of engineers in 1889. His first military service was on the geographical commission which prepared the great military map of Mexico. At its conclusion he was in supreme charge of the work, which is conceded to be a masterpiece of its kind.

At the time of the Spanish-American war Diaz became colonel of the General Staff of the Mexican Army, and later was twice elected to congress from Vera Cruz. He had become a formidable political figure by 1902, and was then regarded as the most likely successor of his uncle, President Diaz, who made him inspector general of the police of the City of Mexico in 1905.

In that capacity Felix Diaz won a reputation for severity and cruelty. During his administration it has been said, more prisoners were put to death than in any other police regime in the history of Mexico. Diaz, however, denied this.

As the Madero regime in Mexico neared its close, Felix Diaz automatically became the leader of the discontented men in the regular army and in October, 1912, temporarily made himself the master of Vera Cruz. This revolt proved to be a mere fiasco, and he was placed under arrest and imprisoned. His arrest was followed by an uprising, during which the prison was stormed and Diaz freed.

By the terms of his compact with Provisional President Huerta, Felix Diaz announced himself as a candidate for the next presidency of Mexico, and at once strongly entrenched himself at the Hacienda del Chivo at Atzacapazalco, about twenty miles from the City of Mexico.

Dispatches from Vera Cruz dated October 28, 1912, brought the news that Felix Diaz, in accordance with his own request, was under the protection of the United States. He had been taken aboard the great liner Whiting soon after midnight and later was transported to Rear Admiral Dethlefsen's flagship, the USS Albatross.

From Vera Cruz Diaz is reported to have written a new book, "The Revolution in Mexico," which is now being published by the United States Government.

AN ORCHESTRA WITH THE PICTURES

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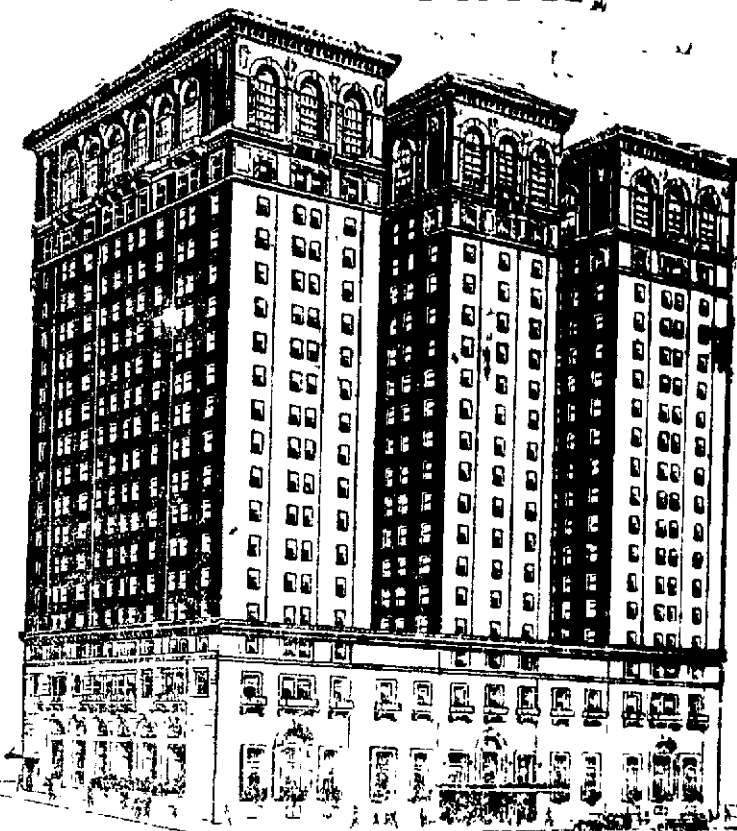
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C. A. Blanchard, Managing Director

LUMBER CITY.

Listening to a band concert in the fashionable Malaca in Havana. After recovering from his wounds he sailed for Europe and took up his residence in Paris, where he continued to watch the progress of events in Mexico and, as it has since proved, to await a favorable opportunity to return and make another attempt to grasp the reins of power.

Months ago it became known that Diaz was planning another revolution in Mexico. This fact leaked out into Paris, and it was understood there that the uprising would probably take place last summer. But for a reason or other the plans were abandoned and Diaz remained quietly in Europe.

His arrival in New York some weeks ago was generally ascribed to a desire to get out of the turmoil of war-ridden France. Diaz, however, allowed this impression to gain currency and also gave as a reason for his presence in New York the summation of some financial arrangements in behalf of Mexican interests. The United States Department of Justice, however, kept a watchful eye on him and closely followed his movements when he proceeded from New York to New Orleans. In the last named city, however, Diaz succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the Department of Justice agents and the next day of the late fall of 1915, he was that he had been in Mexico to again try his fortunes as a leader of revolt in that land of revolution.

There were no reports of Diaz's activities in Mexico, but it was generally believed that he was in the country. He was reported to have been in the city of Vera Cruz, where he was reported to have been in the city of Vera Cruz, where he was reported to have been in the city of Vera Cruz.

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TEXAS Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

Waco, March 8.—A large and enthusiastic attendance marked the opening here today of the annual convention of the Texas Young Men's Christian Association. The delegates in attendance represented city, student and railroad branches of the organization in all parts of the state. At its initial session this morning the delegates were addressed by Fred H. Smith, the international secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

"Vaporize" Croup or Cold Troubles

Vapor treatments for cold troubles are better than internal medicine. The vaporizer, for use at home, is a simple, safe, and effective device for the treatment of colds, croup, and other respiratory troubles. It is used by placing a few drops of the vaporizer in a bowl of water and breathing the vapor into the bowl.

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Geo. H. Lum, Clearfield, Pa.

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It's about time you started to repair your fences. We are prepared to serve your wants for fencing of every description, everything from plain straight wire for ordinary field fencing to the most artistic woven fencing for lawns. Especially interesting will you find our prices on poultry wire. Make a list of your requirements then come in and see how satisfactorily we can fill them for you.

WM. F. POWELL

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Clearfield, Pa.

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WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Call Mrs. Hippler on West Side.

WANTED—Furnished apartment or house. State location and size. Answer by letter only to "House," care of Progress office. M5-4f.

FOR SALE—Plain Domestic cook stove for sale cheap. Call or write Chester Dorey, Overly Bros. store, East End. M6-5tp.

FOR SALE—Shoats, 75 to 90 pounds. Inquire Sunnyside farm, Lawrence township or J. A. Frank, Curwensville, Pa. M. 8-4f.

FOR RENT—Store room at Winburne, Pa. 40x60. All modern conveniences. Apply at Kramer's store, Grassflat, Pa. M. 7-4f.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR MAY PRIMARY

(Primary Election, May 16th, 1916.)

FOR CONGRESS

CHAS. H. ROWLAND,
of Philipsburg, Centre County.

We are authorized to announce the name of Chas. H. Rowland, of Philipsburg, Centre County, as a candidate for re-election for a second term to Congress, under the customs and usages of the Republican voters, and Republican organizations of the 21st Congressional District, composed of Clearfield, Centre, McKean and Cameron Counties, at the uniform Primary Election to be held on May 16, 1916.

FOR ASSEMBLY

W. E. PETERSON,
of Morris Township, Pa.

Subject to the action of the Republicans of Clearfield County at the Primary Election, May 16, 1916. Postoffice, Munson, Pa.

DELEGATE TO CONVENTION.

Editor of The Clearfield Progress, Clearfield, Pa.

You are hereby authorized to announce that I am a candidate as Delegate to the National Republican Convention from the Twenty-Fifth Congressional District, subject to the rules of the Republican primaries to be held in May, 1916.

A. H. GAFENEY,
Kane, Pa., Feb. 26, 1916.

FOR NATIONAL DELEGATE.

WILLIAM I. SPOWE,
of Clearfield County, Clearfield.

We are authorized to announce the name of William I. Spowe, of Clearfield, Clearfield County, as a candidate for Delegate to the Republican National Convention, to be held in Chicago, June 7th from the 21st Congressional District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre, McKean and Cameron, and subject to the will of the voters at the uniform Primary Election, May 16th, 1916.

GLASS OF SALTS CLEANS KIDNEYS

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You, Drink Lots of Water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract.

Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salt, which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; can not injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clear and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

ALASKA RAILROAD TO BE RUNNING BY NOVEMBER FIRST

Work Now Being Held Up While Bill For Two Million Appropriation is Before Congress

What Opening Road Means in Development of Alaska is Only Conjecture, But Fact That Terminal of Line Has Rapidly Grown Indicates That Development Will be Great.

Washington, March 9. (By United Press.)—With a satisfactory labor supply, and good weather conditions, Chairman W. C. Edes of the Alaskan Engineering commission hopes to have in operation nearly one third of the proposed government railroad in Alaska, by November 1. It is the hope of the commission that the work on the railroad can be pushed to the Mananaska coal field by fall. At the present the work is being held up while an emergency bill, asking for a two million dollar appropriation is before congress.

What the opening of this railroad will mean in the development of Alaska is merely a matter of conjecture, but the fact that a town of 1500 has grown up at Anchorage, one of the terminals of the railroad, since the announcement of the route, indicates that the development of the north country will be great when the road finally is completed.

During the coming season it is planned to construct about 150 miles which will comprise a connecting line between the Alaska Northern railway, now owned by the government, and the lines under construction, a branch line running from Anchorage into the Mananaska coal fields and several miles of railroad running out of Fairbanks, the proposed northern terminal of the lines.

The construction of this railroad is a tremendous engineering task. At Broad Pass the line will run through a stretch of twelve miles of almost solid rock, which will entail the building of numerous tunnels, the longest of which will be 1100 feet. At Broad Pass also there will have to be constructed a steel bridge 1500 feet in length and at Fairbanks several bridges will be built.

Under favorable conditions, by May 1, 4000 men will be employed on the construction work, and more than a million dollars worth of machinery, taken to Alaska from the Panama Canal zone, will be in operation.

Although 22 miles of rail already have been laid between Mananaska Bay and Anchorage, no attempt has been made to operate it. However, during the present winter the Alaskan commission has been operating the Alaska Northern, which the government has taken over, for a distance of 34 miles out of Seward. Three trains a week have been run over the line, and the operation has been a financial success, since the cost of maintenance is not included in the operating expenses. Before the Alaska Northern railway can be operated to the full extent of its 71 miles, a large amount of repair work will have to be done, and this will be undertaken during the coming summer.

If the present plans of the commission materialize and a force of 4000 men is put at work, it is believed a large part of this force will locate in Alaska and take advantage of its mineral and agricultural wealth, and thus the first step in the development of the country will have been accomplished.

HOME CREDIT WORK SYSTEM IS INAUGURATED IN OHIO

Bellevue, O., March 9. (By United Press.)—If a boy or girl in the rural schools of Logan county brushes his teeth, takes a bath, retires before 9 a. m. and sleeps with the windows open, nine credit marks will be given him or her at school, six marks being for the bath and one mark for each of the other items.

If the pupil cleans a lamp, carries two sentences of coal, dusts the furniture, sweeps a room, makes a bed, washes the dishes, turns the cream separator, gathers the eggs, makes a bird box or milk stool, other credit marks thereby are gained at school.

The plan is part of the home credit work system adopted in the rural schools of the county based upon the plan originated in California. The county board of education expects the scheme to vitalize the work of the schools.

Cash prizes have been offered to the pupils in the rural schools of the county, and for the best sample of letter writing, marked training, the most scientific record keeping, making an acre of corn, etc. The plan will be expanded on May 15, which is the "Farm School Day," and on which day the county board of education expects to have a large number of pupils in the county.

CURWENSVILLE

Gospel meetings are being held in the Baptist church every evening, except Saturday, at 7:30 with preaching by the pastor. Sunday evening a special sermon will be preached to the I. C. M. A. Bring your "Famous Hymn" book and help to sing. Everybody welcome.

Backtail Camp, No. 128, Penna. Division Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., was organized at Curwensville, on Tuesday evening, March 7, 1916, by Division Organizer, Walter E. Smith, of Allentown, Pa. The following officers were duly elected:

Commander, Percy E. Smith.
Senior vice commander, Christian Gaudin.
Junior vice commander, Edgar R. Buzzell.
Patriotic instructor, James Munma.

Camp council, Hugh M. Irvin, G. Mark Clute, John M. Kelly, Chaplain, Jack R. Leach, Secretary, Fred P. Robinson, Treasurer, S. W. Karstetter, Color bearer, C. Ray Smith, Guide, Harvey M. Smith, Inner guard, William L. Leach, Outer guard, Harvey Hawk, Musician, Scott W. Phillips.

Representative to state encampment, John A. Dale, S. W. Karstetter. All sons and grandsons of soldiers of the Civil war are eligible to membership, and as a large number of the descendants of soldiers of the Civil war live in the vicinity, the prospects of a large camp are excellent.

Dr. S. J. Waterworth, of Clearfield, had occasion to come to town last night.

L. E. Hays returned from Glen Campbell yesterday.

Clarence Ammerman was a Clearfield visitor Tuesday evening.

Samuel P. Bressler attended to business at Grampian yesterday.

Theodore Brown made a trip to Sandy Ridge yesterday.

Ira Payne, of DuBois, was a business caller in town yesterday morning.

Oscar Bilger a former Curwensville boy, now with the Merwin Beef Co. at DuBois, was a caller in town Wednesday.

Way Powell, of Clearfield, was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Doughman, of Grampian, paid a visit to town yesterday afternoon.

Miles Wall left yesterday for a trip to eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Holten were Clearfield visitors yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. James Edmiston was a caller at the county seat yesterday.

We have been informed that John McLaughlin and Edward Gallagher of this place have purchased the McCloskey Bros. store at Clearfield and will take charge of same in the near future.

Raymond Younk was a county seat visitor yesterday.

Peter Pizzello of this place, while facing with a .32 calibre revolver Tuesday night, at his home at Nantua road happened to accidentally pull the trigger on the gun and shot himself through the liver. Dr. King was immediately summoned and for a while the man's life was despaired of. The doctor after a time was able to get the wounded man in such condition as would permit his being taken to the Clearfield hospital. He is reported to be resting well at this writing and his chances for recovery are bright.

Samuel P. Smith, of this place died last evening at 6 o'clock at the Clearfield hospital, after a three weeks illness which started with a paralysis stroke.

The deceased was born on a farm near Curwensville in 1861, making him 55 years old at the time of his death.

The greater part of his life was spent in Curwensville where he was engaged in the livery and restaurant business.

About six years ago the deceased was one of the Pennsylvania men who for the state was involved in a battle of the state's honor, but by a peaceful settlement.

The last five years Mr. Smith had been employed at Clearfield, Pa. in the livery business. He was married and had two sons and a daughter, all of whom are now residing in Curwensville. The funeral will be held at 2 p. m. on Friday at the residence of the deceased.

Carpenters Are Driving Pollock's Stock Through The Front Door



That is literally a fact. Grant Butler's men working like beavers in the rear of the old store room, are crowding up to the temporary partition which shuts off the front of the building, and are yelling for more room.

That condition further reduces prices for you, for there must be no delay in remodeling the store. Last week a ten per cent. reduction was offered. This week the reduction on seasonable goods

Averages Twenty-five Per Cent on the Dollar

If this was an ordinary sale such reductions would not be startling, but the goods you can now buy cheaper are absolutely fresh stock, and much of it is Spring Stock that Was Bought Before Remodeling Was Decided Upon.

Look over these prices, and act quickly. This stock must be moved, and there will be no sacrifice too great to clear it out immediately.

ALTERATION PRICES ARE HERE:

Children's Shoes with and without heels, now .48c
Children's Shoes in all styles, patent leather, now .48c
Misses patent leather cloth tops, gun metal cloth tops\$1.35
Misses patent leather cloth tops, gun metal cloth tops and vici kid\$1.25
Ladies patent leather, gun metal, kid and cloth tops, high or low heels, lace or button\$1.49 and \$1.79.

SPECIAL OFFER NOW!!

Ladies' Tan Shoes, high or low heels, button or lace, regular \$2.95 now\$1.48
Boy's heavy every day shoes\$1.48
Boy's Dress Shoes\$1.85
Men's Work Shoes, tan and black\$1.79
Men's Dress Shoes, tan and black, also English style, button or lace\$2.50
Men's and Boy's heavy Wisconsin Logger Shoes\$2.75

A full line of the Original Chippewa Shoes, Stoughton hand-made, and Dayton Logger Shoes reduced 25 per cent. on the dollar.

RUBBERS.

Children's Rubbers29c and 35c
Ladies' Rubbers35c and 48c
Men's Rubbers59c and 79c

CLOTHING.

A full line of Clothing consisting of men's, and boy's coats, mackinaws, trousers and fine suit sare reduced at 25 per cent. on the dollar.

FURNISHINGS.

Men's Caps35c
Men's Work Socks4c
Men's Dress Socks11c
Men's Wool Socks19c
Men's Handkerchiefs4c
Ladies' Handkerchiefs2 for 5c
Full line of Canvas Gloves and Jersey Gloves at 8c
Leather Mittens and Gloves23c and 28c
Also a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags reduced.

Pollack's Bargain Store

"The Peoples' Store"

306 Market Street

Near Third Street

Open Evenings Until Nine O'clock

Lectures on Saturday afternoon and
sermon will be made in the Oak Hill cemetery.

FOR THAT SORE

RAW THROAT

SOUTH DAKOTA LAND OPENING

Flora, March 8.—Approximately 100,000 acres of land in South Dakota will become subject to entry by homesteaders in the near future. The government has decided to open up the land in the western part of the state for homesteaders. The land is now being surveyed and will be ready for entry in the near future.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Chichester's Pills are a reliable remedy for all ailments of the bowels. They are made of pure ingredients and are guaranteed to give satisfaction. They are sold in all drug stores.

TRY THIS—results are certain. Just

use an original yellow box of true Masticine and rub it on your neck and upper chest. Do it tonight and that sore throat will be gone in the morning.

MADE WITH RIGHT PROPORTIONS OF LEAD, ZINC AND

1 lbs. 3 OZ. is the largest size. Use a gal. out of any I. & M. PAINT you buy and if not the best paint made, return the paint and get ALL your money back.

MAKE YOUR OWN PAINT

Save 58 cts. per gal.

IT'S SIMPLE ... THIS IS HOW
Just mix 3 Gals. Lead and 1 Gal. Zinc Oxide - \$2.70

4 Gals. I. & M. Semi-Mixed Real Paint, at \$2.25 per gal. - 9.00

You then have 7 Gals. Pure Lead for \$11.70

It's only \$1.67 per gal.

Made with right proportions of Lead, Zinc and 1 lbs. 3 OZ. is the largest size.

Use a gal. out of any I. & M. PAINT you buy and if not the best paint made, return the paint and get ALL your money back.

BUTTON HARDWARE CO., Clearfield,
J. L. SMITH & CO., Curwensville.

AVON

THEATRE TONIGHT

WM. FOX PLAY

WILLIAM FARNUM
The \$100,000 Star
— IN —
"The Broken Law"
A Drama of Gypsy Life

Admission 5 and 10 Cents.

FALSTAFF COMEDY
"The Postmaster of Pineapple Plains"
A NOVELTY
"Spring Onions"

Mutual TOMORROW'S FEATURES Mutual
HELEN HOLMES In **THE GIRL AND THE GAME**
CHAPTER 7: "SPIKE'S AWAKENING"
See Helen Thrown From Fast Train to Speeding Automobile

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Charles Smith and brother, of Curwensville, spent yesterday with their brother, Samuel Smith, at the hospital.

Oscar Mitchell returned this morning from a trip to Bellefonte.

Mrs. Harold Eldridge, of Philipsburg, is visiting in town.

Mr. and Mrs. James Prindible returned yesterday from a visit with relatives in Patton.

Fifteen members of the Current Event Club sleighed out to Schryver's yesterday and had a fine roast chicken dinner.

Miss Mildred Hunter, of Mill Hall, and Miss Marjorie Snyder, of Kerrmoor, are the guests of Miss Alta Kowles.

Fred Jenkins, of DuBois, was a Clearfield visitor yesterday.

E. W. Hess attended to business in DuBois yesterday.

Mrs. A. F. Maurey, of Curwensville, was shopping in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Norris and son, Jack, attended the funeral of Alfred Way at Curwensville yesterday.

Mrs. Samuel Moore, of Curwensville, spent the day with Mrs. Blain Clever.

Miss Lena Murray, of Le Contes Mills, spent yesterday with her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Bowman.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lingle and daughter, Baulah, of Shawville, were Clearfield visitors yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Maurey, of Grampian, was a Clearfield visitor yesterday.

Austin Guelich, of Turnpike Avenue, is rejoicing over the arrival of fifteen little White Legorns chickens. It keeps him busy firing the furnace and knitting stockings for them this zero weather.

Dr. D. V. Merrill, of Philipsburg, spent last evening in town.

Mrs. Percy Holton and Mrs. Percy Maurey, of Curwensville, spent yesterday in town.



2 More Days of Bargains In White

Friday and Saturday

DOMESTICS AT SPECIAL PRICES

Long Cloth, India Linens, Pillow Cases, Bed Spreads, Nainsook, Towelings, Tubings, Towels, Cambrics, Sheetings, Muslin, Gingham.

See our 9-4 Unbleached Sheetings at 22½¢ yard today, value 28¢ yard.

One of the many good specials is Long Cloth, 10 yard pieces, at 68¢ piece.

Another article worthy of mention is yard-wide Unbleached Muslin during this sale by the web, today's wholesale price by the bale is 6½¢ yard.

Come—Consider—Critique—Compare

ROSS & WOODS

REPORT OF SCALE COMMITTEE MEETS DEMANDS OF MEN

(Continued From Page One)

13. We demand pay for all narrow work.

14. We demand that all local inequalities and internal differences shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment.

15. We demand the right to test scales for the checkweighman and District Executive Board.

16. We demand the abolition of the permanent Board of Arbitration, and that all disputes arising under this Scale Agreement shall be determined by joint action of the two organizations.

17. We demand that the matters of blacksmithing charges, company doctor charges, and rates of house rent and coal shall be determined by the Joint Scale Committee.

18. We demand that this Contract shall be in force for a period of two years.

Upon the recommendation of International President White which was adopted by the International Convention, and is recommended by District President Purcell in his report that we continue work after the expiration of the present Agreement pending negotiations, we beg leave to submit the following: That we will continue to work after the expiration of the present Agreement, pending negotiations, provided, that before the date of expiration the Scale Committee representing the Operators shall have met the Scale Committee representing the Miners and agree to Clause 1 of our demands to be put into force and effect from April 1st, 1916, and that in the event they do not meet prior to the expiration of the Agreement, or do not agree to Clause 1 of our demands that the Scale Committee shall be vested with discretionary power to order a suspension of work.

In the event that all of our demands are not agreed to by the Operators and any changes are made in this original proposition, if in the judgment of the Scale Committee, they are worthy of consideration, they shall sign the same tentatively, and submit the same to the rank and file for a referendum vote. If the Scale Committee does not get a proposition which they will submit for a referendum vote they are empowered to discontinue negotiations and order a suspension.

In the event a suspension of work is ordered they (the Scale Committee) shall submit to the rank and file for a referendum vote a recommendation of settlement and policy.

Explanatory Notes	
General Tonnage Rates.	
Pick mining per gross ton	75.36
Pick mining per net ton	67.29
Machine Rates	
General machine rates shall be based upon a differential of 14.29 cents per net ton.	
The basic price for cutting, scraping and loading per net ton shall be 58 cents.	
Puncher machines loading per net ton	39.75
Cutting and scraping per net ton	13.25
	53.
Gross Prices	
Cutting, scraping and loading per gross ton	59.36
Loading per gross ton	44.52
Cutting and scraping per gross ton	14.84
	59.36
Electric Chain Machines (Bottom Cutters.)	
Loading per net ton	42.98
Cutting and scraping per net ton	10.07
	53.
Loading per gross ton	48.016
Cutting and scraping per gross ton	11.2784
	59.36
Machine rates for punchers to be based upon 75 per cent for loading, 25 per cent for cutting and scraping.	
Machine rates for Electric Chain Machines (Bottom Cutters) based upon 81 per cent for loading, 19 per cent for cutting and scraping.	
The tonnage prices for cutting and scraping, both puncher and electric machines (bottom cutters) shall be divided equally between the cutter and scraper.	
The differential is based upon the present price of 42 cents for loading, 14 cents for cutting and scraping, with puncher machines, gross ton.	
Clause 13—Narrow Work	
Narrow work shall mean:	
First. Places less than 10 feet wide.	
Second. Places from 10 to 12 feet wide.	
Third. Places from 12 to 14 feet wide.	
Fourth. Places from 16 to 18 feet wide.	
Prices in each mine shall be graduated according to width.	
Fifth. All places driven as entries or back entries must be driven within 18 feet wide.	
The pay for all narrow work shall be termed a local inequality and shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment.	
The basing point for narrow work yardages, other than entry or back entry rates, shall be the price paid per yard in back entries. Where no yardage rates are in existence in entries and back entries, it shall be a matter for local settlement.	
Clause 14.	
Dead work, such as taking up bottom and down top, in all places where no yardage is now paid; the standard weight of mine cars, prices for rolls, spars and clay veins, shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment. Where the miner is required to lay road in old rooms or pillars, bail water, timber bad places, clean up falls of roof, lay curves in pillars or shoeies, he shall be paid at the rate of 37.27 cents per hour for all time.	
Dead Work Scale	
Inside Day Labor.	
Boss trackman	40 cents per hour
Motor runners	38.85 cents per hour
Trip riders (rope)	38.85 cents per hour
Trappers	30 cents per hour
All other classes of inside day labor not specified in this agreement 37.27 cents per hour.	
Outside Day Labor.	
Engineers	40 cents per hour
Firemen	35 cents per hour
Blacksmiths	38.85 cents per hour
Plane runners	35 cents per hour
Carpenters	35 cents per hour
Repairmen	35 cents per hour
Electricians	40 cents per hour
Machinists	40 cents per hour
All other classes of outside day labor not specified in this agreement 30 cents per hour.	
Clause 16.	
In all cases of dispute arising under this Agreement as to the meaning of any clause the matter shall be taken up for adjustment, first, by the mine committee and the local management; they failing to agree the matter shall be referred, second, to the District Board Member and the local Superintendent; if they fail to agree the matter shall be referred, third, to representatives of the Joint Executive Board of the two Organizations, who shall settle the matter within five days.	
Clause 1.	
It shall be a condition of employment that all men working in and around the mines shall be members of the United Mine Workers of America, and all companies to this Agreement shall collect from the employees all dues, fines, assessments and initiation fees levied by the different branches of the Organization, when shall have preference over all other collections and be turned over to the authorized agent of the United Mine Workers of America.	

Extraordinary Values In Seasonable Merchandise

For Friday, Saturday and Monday, March 10th, 11th and 13th

Three Important Value Giving Days on just the kind of merchandise you need at this time and later. Almost every department contributes to this three day event. Below we mention a few of the many specials to be found here Tomorrow.—Come Tomorrow.



The Important Features of The Spring Fashions in Woman's Apparel Are Here Revealed

Here Are Becoming Models for Every Woman, and a considerable variety of them is displayed

New Sport Coats on Sale Tomorrow at **\$5.95**

These are the smartest Sport Coats we have ever offered at this popular price. They come in the late checks, plaids and plain shades, belted effects, with large pockets; remarkable values for...\$5.95

\$1.00 New Corsets for 79c.

Here are Corsets that never sold for less than one dollar. They are all new models, rust proof, embroidered trimmed, with supporters; all sizes; special for these three days, only at 79c

\$1.25 Brassieres for 59c.

A small lot of Net and Alover Embroidery Brassieres that sold regularly up to \$1.25; special 59c each.

RARE VALUES IN RIBBONS, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

75c 27-in. Flouncings for 49c Yard.

27-in. Embroidered Flouncings in several dainty new patterns, made of Fine Swiss; regular 75c value; special at 49c yard

40-in. Wide Ribbons at 29c Yard.

Extra wide Taffeta Ribbons in floral and striped patterns, rich colorings, suitable for hair bows sashes, etc., a 40c value for 29c yard

Fine Torchon Laces at 5c Yard.

Fine Torchon Laces and Insertions, 1-in. to 3-in. wide, large assortment of new patterns to choose from; specially priced at 5c yard

Latest Novelty Scarf and Cap Sets in plaids and leather trimmed, offered below regular price.

\$1.00 Sets, special at 79c

\$1.50 Sets, special at \$1.29

Separate Caps of velvet, plush and corduroy, in late styles; these were made to sell at \$1.00. Buy them here at 59c

Ladies' 15c Hose for 9c.

Ladies' fast black Hosiery, ribbed tops, double heel and toe, all sizes, a 15c value for 9c pair

Oh! How Nice the Basement Looks—That's what we hear from those who have visited this department since it has been remodeled. And too, the fine assortments of New Rugs, Curtains and Curtain materials adds greatly to its improved appearance. We invite you to pay this department a visit tomorrow.

A Most Excellent Display of Room Size RUGS OF QUALITY AT MATCHLESS PRICES.

Being connected with one of the largest buying organizations enables us to offer you Rugs at prices that can not be duplicated elsewhere. We guarantee to save you money. If you need a new rug this spring now is the time to make your selection while the assortments are large and the prices low. A small deposit will hold any you may select until needed.

SMALL RUG SPECIALS

Small Rugs are always needed in the home; get them now.

\$2.50 Axminster Rugs (size 27x54) special...\$1.95

\$4.00 Axminster Rugs (size 36x60) special...\$2.45

MAKE YOUR OWN CURTAINS

Our New Curtain Materials by the Yard Will Help You to Do so at Very Reasonable Cost.

Marquisette and Voile Scrims, either neat hem-stitched or open effect borders in white, cream and ecru...12½¢ to 25¢

Scotch Madras will be popular this season. We have these in a fine selection at 29c yard

Sunfast Madras for portieres, overdrapes, etc., in brown, green and rose; priced at 50c yard

See the New Combination Drapery Material, overdrapes and scrim material, all woven in one piece; guaranteed fast colors; specially priced at 35c and 45c yard.

BASEMENT SPECIALS

25c Curtain Scrim at 19c.

10 pieces of New Curtain Scrim with plain and fancy borders, white and cream, fine quality, 25c value; special 19c yard

15c Colored Curtain Scrims at 8c Yard.

Colored Curtain Scrims in several oriental patterns, 12-in. wide, 15c value; special 8c yard

\$2.00 Couch Covers, \$1.48.

New lot just in. These Tapestry Couch Covers come in rich combinations of colorings; large size; regular \$2.00 value; special at \$1.48

Tapestry Portieres in green, brown and red, with Persian borders; these are slightly soiled, hence the reduced price.

\$3.00 Portieres for \$1.75

\$3.50 Portieres for \$2.25

\$5.00 Portieres for \$2.98

AMERICA'S PRETTIEST WASH FABRICS Specially Priced.

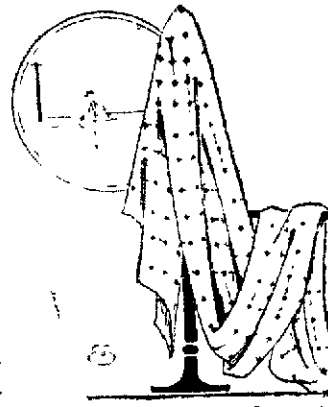
Showing Fashion's Favorites for the Spring and Summer Periods.

The dainty designs together with the open daintier grounds on which they appear illustrate the efforts of artist-designers. We believe these tub materials are the richest of five spring seasons—the word richest referring to fineness of texture, harmony of color combinations, and design. In fact, richest in every respect but the price. That indeed is very reasonable.

Here you will find broad varieties, specially priced at 10c, 12½¢, 15c, 19c and 25c yard.

Wash Goods Special—12½¢ Dress Gingham at 10c yard.

Splendid assortment of pretty new Dress Gingham in small checks and stripes; 32-in. wide; fine quality; the regular price 12½¢; our special price, 10c yard.



A. W. LEONARDSON COMPANY

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

CLEARFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1916

The Newspaper That
Goes Home and Stays

Volume X

VILLISTAS KILL 12 ON AMERICAN SOIL

Kaiser Declares War on Portugal, Result of Seizure of Ships

Fourteen Nations Now Engaged in the Greatest War of All Time—No Surprise at Declaration

BERLIN CLAIMS "ENGLAND CAUSED IT"

T. R. OBJECTS TO USE OF NAME IN STATE PRIMARIES

Despite His Wish, He Recognizes That Services Are Subject to Draft in a Crisis

Declaration Made in Statement From Port of Spain in West Indies—Says He Does Not Want Presidential Nomination.

New York, March 9. (By United Press)—Col. Theodore Roosevelt "does not wish" the presidential nomination and "will not consent" to having his name used in any of the coming state primaries. He was declared today in a statement made at Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies, and called by Henry L. Stoddard to the New York Evening Mail. The statement makes it clear, however, that despite his wishes, the Colonel recognizes that his services are subject to draft in their crisis.

The statement in part follows: "I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred on me and of the good will shown me by the gentlemen who have announced themselves as delegates to be elected in my interest in the Massachusetts presidential primaries."

BIGGEST GAME OF SEASON TO BE PLAYED HERE FRIDAY

DuBois and Clearfield High Teams to Meet in Annual Struggle

Tomorrow evening the biggest and most exciting basketball game of the season will be played at the Y. M. C. A. between the Clearfield and DuBois High school teams. Every year this game comes up to the expectations of the large crowd which always attend and this year the teams are more evenly matched than ever before and for this reason the game is expected to be the fastest and most interesting of any which has or will be played on the local floor.

The Clearfield-DuBois game which was played at DuBois in January resulted in a 20-20 tie after playing three extra periods of five minutes to break the deadlock. That game undoubtedly was the best ever played at DuBois. The game will start at eight fifteen sharp. Admission twenty five cents.

MERCHANTS' BUREAU MEETING

There will be a meeting of the Merchants' bureau of the chamber of commerce this evening at eight o'clock in the chamber of commerce room.

Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

BE SURE TO SEE The Birth of a Nation

D. W. Griffith's Mighty Spectacle at the P. R. R. Y. M. C. A. Theatre, Tyrone, Pa., Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 9-10-11. Matinee Friday and Saturday. Special night for out of town patrons, Friday, March 10. Special train from Granton to Tyrone and return. Leaves Clearfield 5:40 p. m. and stops at all stations. Prices, Matinee 25c to \$1.00. Evening 25c to \$2.00.

REPORT OF SCALE COMMITTEE MEETS DEMANDS OF MEN

No Suspension of Work Expected at Expiration of Present Wage Agreement

Committee Will be in Shape for Joint Conference Soon—Demand That Operators Completely Recognize The Union.

BULLETIN
New York, March 9. (By United Press)—The new wage scale of the bituminous mine workers granting increases and installing the "run of mine" system in districts which have not heretofore used it, was signed at 1:30 this afternoon.

According to action taken yesterday afternoon by the delegates to the United Mine Workers of District No. 2 there is small danger of a suspension in the district, pending scale negotiations. The scale committee brought in its report and its policy recommended that there be no suspension of work at the expiration of the present scale, provided that before the scale expires the operators' committee will have met with the miners' committee and agreed to the first provision of the miners' demands, which calls for complete recognition of the union. This makes practically certain that there will be no suspension and that the recommendation of International President J. P. White will be adhered to in this district.

The consideration of the scale occupied all of yesterday's session and provoked considerable discussion. The main portion of the discussion was in regard to the rate of wages for mining, working conditions and the day rate scale. But as evidence of the fact that the committee succeeded in meeting the wishes of the rank and file was shown when the scale was adopted with but one change.

The scale is radically different from those of other years, in that no attempt is made to take up the dead work question, leaving all disputes in regard to yardage and dead work scale in the hands of the locals themselves for settlement by meetings with the operators involved. This method was adopted because of the fact that the committee held it was the only method that could be adopted whereby advantages gained in certain districts could be held, and at the same time open the way for bettering conditions in others. This is the method being adopted in many other districts.

Some radical amendments were made, in which the demands were away above what the committee recommended, but the officers as well as members of the scale committee talked against such amendments, stating that they wanted a reasonable scale, and one for which they could fight with reasonable hope of success.

Much discussion arose over the proposition to continue work even though a scale had not been agreed upon when the present one expires. Several delegates spoke against the portion of the scale report. Vice President O'Neill, secretary of the scale committee, who is usually well informed on every detail of the scale and of the conditions in the district, spoke emphatically in favor of the clause to continue work, pointing out the advantages that would accrue. Delegate Waite also spoke in favor of the clause, pointing out that a suspension would give non-union fields an opportunity to get contracts away from this district. President Furek, in speaking for the clause, pointed out that there was a proviso in the present scale that bound the men to work thirty days after the beginning of negotiations for the new scale, and he demanded that this provision be lived up to. The member advocates strikes unless absolutely necessary. He asked the men not to go contrary to the national convention.

The complete scale is as follows:
DuBois, Pa., March 9, 1916.
To the Officers and Delegates of the Twenty-Fifth Convention of the United Mine Workers of District No. 2, Gentlemen and Brothers:
We, your Committee on Scale, have

New War Secretary Is Sworn in Today



Newton D. Baker

Washington, March 9. (By United Press)—Newton D. Baker was sworn in as secretary of war today. He found one of the department's worst troubles—the Mexican situation—awaiting him. Leaving the white house after a conference with President Wilson the new secretary was shown a United Press dispatch telling of a raid by Villistas on Columbus, New Mexico. "It looks as though I would have something to do immediately," he said. "However, getting busy is the best way to keep from getting homesick." He made his first official report to Wilson on the Mexican raid.

TO STANDARDIZE FARM PRODUCTS.

San Francisco, March 9.—A convention of farm and orchard owners and managers of delta lands in Central California met in this city today to discuss ways and means of standardizing and marketing their products. One of the plans under consideration calls for the establishment of a market in San Francisco to handle exclusively the products of the delta lands, which embrace a large area of the most highly developed farming lands in California.

ing carefully considered all resolutions submitted to us and having in mind the prosperous condition of our country at the present time, beg leave to submit the following recommendations as a substitute for all matters referred to us:

1. We demand complete and full recognition of the United Mine Workers of America, with indicated check-off.
2. We demand an increase of 3 cents per ton on tonnage rates at basing point. (Pick mine net ton to be basing point.)
3. A differential of 2 cents on coal 2 feet 6 inches and 3 cents on coal 3 feet 6 inches or over.
4. We demand an adjustment of the machine differential based upon the present rate of 10 cents per ton net for cutting, scraping and loading.
5. We demand an increase of five per cent on all days wage rates based upon the rates used under the International Agreement.
6. We demand a uniform day wage scale for all classes of field and outside day labor.
7. We demand cash bonus from bank to bank.
8. We demand a holiday every other Saturday.
9. We demand a weekly pay.
10. We demand an increase of five per cent on all purchase and dead work rates where paid by the hour.
11. We demand cash bonus from bank to bank.
12. We demand that all work be done in the mine in the miners' clothing.
13. All differences in payment and purchase rates existing under the 1915 scale to remain in force until a new scale is agreed upon by the miners and operators.
14. We demand the abolition of the use of all agents, inspectors, police and guards.

(Continued on Page Four)

ALASKA TO HAVE WORLD'S FASTEST SERVICE OF MAILS

Aeroplane Service Will Cut Two Week Schedule to One of Twelve Hours

Economy is Primary Motive of Government in Substituting Aeroplanes for Dog Team, River Barge Service.

Washington, March 9. (By United Press)—With aeroplanes expected to cover 50 miles an hour, Alaska will have about the fastest mail service in the world. For the dog-teams, Yukon river barges, frontier railways and trails, the post office department will substitute the latest type of planes, capable of carrying 3,000 pound loads, at more than express train speed.

Beside the seven planned Alaska routes, there is likely to be one in Massachusetts. Economy is the primary motive of the government, but in at least one of the Alaskan routes one delivery of a letter which now takes two weeks will be accomplished in 12 hours.

In the Massachusetts route—starting from New Bedford and serving the islands of Martha's vineyard and Nantucket—the big difficulty to overcome, said Second Assistant Postmaster Praeger today, will be fog. In Alaska, difficulty is expected in finding suitable landing places; in the cross-winds that sweep in and out of mountain ranges; and in the intense cold the aviator will be subjected to in certain seasons.

"But it is not the human factor which worries us most," continued Praeger. "Your skilled aviator of today takes little account of wind and cold. An extremely dense fog will delay service some, probably."

"Another difficulty probably will be getting machines which will carry 3,000 pounds of mail. There are such machines on the European battle fields, but the demands of America may not have produced such giant craft."

Praeger has advertised for such machines and has appealed to the patriotic impulses of national aerial societies to show what American genius can do.

The main route in Alaska will be to Fairbanks, in the interior. Its mail now goes from the states to Skagway by boat, thence by rail, stage or dog-team to White Horse and the Yukon. The substitutes will be a direct service from Valdez to Fairbanks direct, 358 miles.

In the Massachusetts route the planes will be used between mainland and the outlying islands, across stormy and treacherous reaches of water.

If these routes are successful, says Praeger, the opportunities for further use of aviation mail service are almost limitless.

CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN AT COLLEGE OF MUSIC

This evening at eight o'clock the semi-monthly concert at the College of Music will be given by the College faculty and the orchestra. Many of Clearfield's most talented musicians will play selections at this concert and Miss Maude Pletcher will recite several poems. The concert is free. Every one interested in music is cordially invited to attend.

BROWN, THE TAILOR SAYS:

The Suit that's made for you is your Suit—and for that reason looks better, feels better, wears longer than one that you merely buy.

So don't merely buy clothes. Have them Made for You—that's the way the men do who really care for their appearance.

Bandit Chief Directs Murderous Attack on Sleeping Cavalrymen

Two Hour Battle Follows Night Raid on Columbus, New Mexico, in Which 400 Mexicans Participate

MEN AND WOMEN SHOT IN COLD BLOOD

Columbus, New Mexico, March 9. (By United Press)—Eleven Americans were killed by 100 Villistas who swooped down on this town in the darkness early today and were driven off only after nearly two hours fighting with 300 United States cavalrymen and citizens. Thirty or forty Villistas were killed or wounded it is estimated. Five American civilians were wounded.

Aroused from sleep by the sudden onrush of the Mexicans firing into the streets and houses, four American troopers and seven civilians, including one woman, were killed before the Villistas were finally driven across the border three miles below Columbus. Three United States soldiers were shot dead and a wounded trooper died shortly after the battle.

Rumors that several guests died in the Commercial Hotel, to which the Mexicans applied the torch, are not credited, although the ruins are being carefully searched for trace of bodies.

Mrs. Gean, wife of James Gean, a merchant, was shot down in cold blood beside her husband who was also killed in the defense of his home. T. C. Miller was shot and killed by the Mexicans before they set fire to his drug store. W. T. Richey, proprietor of the hotel, was no match for the squad of Villistas who attacked his place. Richey was killed by their first volley. Three other men gave up their lives aiding the troopers.

CAMP OF SONS OF VETERANS FORMED HERE LAST EVENING

Camp Named Col. John Irwin, in Honor of Civil War Veteran

Camp Number 156 of the Sons of Veterans was instituted last evening in the G. A. R. hall by District Organizer Col. Walter E. Smith. The meeting was largely attended, about thirty members being present. The members named the camp, Col. John Irwin, in honor of John Irwin, deceased, formerly of Carwensville.

The camp elected the following officers:

Commander, Squire E. G. Chorghas.
Sr. Vice commander, L. C. Norris.
Jr. Vice commander, Fred Gaulin.
Treasurer, H. B. Gaulin.
Secretary, Scott C. McKelvey.
Patriotic instructor, Frank Souders.
Chaplain, W. D. King.
Guide, Joseph E. Chase.
Camp council, Dr. A. M. Woodward.
A. R. Chase, Lewis Gaulin.
Delegate to state encampment, Dr. A. M. Woodward.
Alternate, A. R. Chase.

The camp will hold their meetings every Wednesday evening in the G. A. R. hall.

POTTSVILLE VISITED BY COSTLY FIRE THIS MORNING

Pottsville, March 9. (By United Press)—Fire starting at 2:10 a. m. completely destroyed the Centennial hall, a three-story brick building occupied on the first floor by a clothing store and on the second floor by the Garden picture show. Six frame dwellings in the rear of the building were also destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire started in the store of Rouse & Robinson and is believed to have been caused by escaped wires.

READING MANUFACTURER IN CLEARFIELD.

Mrs. S. P. Miller, a prominent manufacturer of Reading, Penn., together with Mr. W. H. B. Moore, one of New York City, who is a manufacturer of the same kind of goods, are in town today.

DO YOU WANT

To feel 5 years younger tomorrow? Then take a course of CLARK'S LIVER PILLS tonight. 24 Pills for 50 cents.

Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

WANTED—A good general housekeeper for a family of four. Apply to J. H. & C. O. Miller, Clearfield, Pa.

J. L. Greenwood, president of the Columbus bank, an eye witness to the battle, said the soldiers were asleep in their camp at the city limits when the Mexicans attacked. "The town was aroused by the first volley. Those of us who were armed tried to help the troopers but the first rush of the Mexicans on two sides of the town carried them through the patrol lines into the heart of the city. Three dead Mexicans were found right in front of the bank. They must have intended looting the vault."

"In the darkness the fighting went on mostly by the light of the burning buildings. Mexicans were led by General Villa himself, according to citizens who know Villa. The Villistas certainly put up a hot fight. They were not driven out until after nearly two hours of fighting. I understand that Col. Blum has not asked for reinforcements, but I wish he would on that when we need more troops here to protect us we will have them here. A number of United States cavalry horses were carried off by the Villistas. The town settled down after the battle and was quiet before noon."

El Paso, Texas, March 9. (By United Press)—In a battle between Villistas bandits and United States soldiers at Columbus, New Mexico, following the Mexican attack on the city at 4:30 a. m. today, three American soldiers were killed and four wounded. Four Columbus civilians were killed and a number wounded and an unknown number of the bandits were killed. This report was given to United States Press by Brigadier General Fordham who received an official communication of the fighting from Colonel Blum, commanding officer at Columbus.

The dead Mexicans were strewn about the streets of Columbus according to Blum's last account. Four of the principal buildings of Columbus have been destroyed by the Mexicans, including the town's hotel. One woman was among the dead and several others were wounded.

United States troops after capturing the bandit off pursued them toward the Mexican border. Blum's report stated. Miller, spent some time in the town today, but did not give the names of any of the dead or wounded American troops.

United States troops after capturing the bandit off pursued them toward the Mexican border. Blum's report stated. Miller, spent some time in the town today, but did not give the names of any of the dead or wounded American troops.

BEST ONE YET

CLARK'S LIVER PILLS. DuBois H. S. Pharmacy, Y. M. C. A. floor, Clearfield, Pa. 8-15. Admission 25c.

CAN IT BE DONE?

We can do it at DuBois, can we? Watch for Saturday Specials at the Workman's Cash Grocery. C. H. S. & Co. DuBois, Pa. 8-15 p. m.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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One Year \$3.00
Six Months \$1.50
Three Months .75
One Month .25

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 9, 1916.

We sincerely hope that the flock of robin heralded the other day didn't discard flannels for B. V. D's. before beginning his northward flight.

If Henry Ford wants to do a great work for his own country, he can. Let him take what small change he has left out of his million appropriated for getting the boys out of the trenches by (last) Christmas and establish a permanent endowment for a continuous lecture engagement for William Jennings Bryan in the Fiji, Friday, Sandwich and Gilbert Islands.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Prohibitionist: "It's all over. Had Judge Bell intended to grant wholesale and brewery licenses, he would have granted them last week."

Wholesalers and Brewers: "It's a cinch. Had Judge Bell intended to refuse us licenses, he would have refused us last week."

The Innocent Bystander: "Aint it a funny situation?"

IDLE MONEY.

The bank deposits of someone else which the man who is broke thinks he could use to fine advantage if he had it.

TUBERCULOSIS DEATH RATE DECLINES.

While the latest report of the Bureau of the Census shows that the in 1914 tuberculosis caused over 10.5 per cent. of all deaths in the registration area of the United States, The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis points out in a recent statement that the death rate from this disease is steadily decreasing, having declined from 200.7 per 100,000 population in 1904 to 146.8 in 1914. This would indicate, the Association claims, that the anti-tuberculosis movement organized in the last ten years is having a marked effect on the mortality of tuberculosis, especially since the death rate from this disease seems to be declining more rapidly than the general death rate from all causes.

Commenting on this decrease in the rate from tuberculosis, the bureau of census says: "As a result of a more general understanding of the laws of health, the importance of fresh air, etc., due in part, no doubt, to the efforts of the various societies for the prevention of tuberculosis, there has been a most marked and gratifying decrease during the recent years in the mortality from this scourge of civilization. In only a decade—from 1904 to 1914—the death rate from tuberculosis in all its forms fell from 200.7 to 146.8 per 100,000, the decline being continuous from year to year. This is a drop of more than 25 per cent."

As an indication of the growth of the campaign against tuberculosis, The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis shows that in 1905, when the campaign was definitely started, there were in the United States only thirty-nine anti-tuberculosis associations, 115 sanatoria and hospitals, twenty special clinics, no open air schools, and not more than 5,000 people actively interested in the prevention of this disease. At the close of the year 1915 there were over 1,500 anti-tuberculosis associations, 600 sanatoria and hospitals, 450 dispensaries, 800 open air schools, and over 100,000 people actively interested in the prevention of tuberculosis. Besides this, the fundamental truths that tuberculosis is a communicable, preventable and curable disease have been carried into almost every village and hamlet and to millions of men, women and children in a great variety of ways.

ENGLAND TO WAGE TRADE WAR AFTER GERMAN STRUGGLE

Central Business Organization
of England Has Sole Purpose
of Strangling German Trade

British Labor Will be Affiliated With
Central Organization Which Will
Ask Government for Non-Political
Ministry of Commerce.

BY WILBUR S. FORREST
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
London, March 8. — Preliminary to the greatest commercial vendetta in history are on in England today. If England was unprepared for war in August, 1914, there is no indication she will be unprepared for the great trade war against Germany which is to follow sterner hostilities. British commercial, manufacturing and financial institutions are rapidly welding themselves into a central organization which will have for its sole purpose the strangling of German trade everywhere. This central organization, as already outlined during a great meeting just held at the Guildhall, London, has for its purpose also an affiliation with British labor which will give the British worker the most powerful voice in history of unionism for the promotion of his welfare. Resolutions adopted agree that labor shall have a place in the organization and administration of the anti-German campaign on an equal footing with employers.

Labor has been asked to join in a great demand on the government for a non-political ministry of commerce. A remodeling of British technical and commercial education is to be demanded of the proposed ministry. That the British consular service throughout the world shall consist of the best educated and most practical business men that England can produce, is another demand. British consuls, it was agreed by the hundreds of leading commercial and financial heads attending the meeting, shall be paid high salaries with substantial cash bonuses for any considerable increase in British trade in their respective localities.

Allied with more than 100 chamber of commerce representing practically every commercial center in the British empire, the London chamber of commerce presented the following recommendations which were unanimously adopted:

For reciprocal trade relations between all parts of the British empire; Preferential trade with England's allies; Penalizing enemy countries by tariffs and otherwise.

A committee of the government board of trade commissioned to investigate and recommend changes to the advantage of British commerce today also is on record with a lengthy list of vital reforms designed to protect the British producer against foreign competition. The recommendations bar German mechanical toys from import and place heavy duties on "enemy" glass and leather wear. The government is asked for a vigorous enforcement of foreign patent laws and among other things for laws making it obligatory that foreign goods be plainly stamped as such.

Representatives from more than 100 British chambers of commerce met in London recently to frame further "stumps" for German trade. This meeting combined the voices of 30,000 manufacturers and merchants.

British bankers are planning a meeting to discuss financial aid for new commercial enterprises to fill the gaps left vacant by missing German imports. The great munition factories, now making shells for the army, are to be re-equipped with proper machinery for the manufacture of divers things that formerly came from Austria and Germany.

When England's great commercial, financial and manufacturing ring is finally welded, it will not alone endeavor to crowd out German trade in the British Isles and England's colonies, according to best information today. Its influence will be felt more strongly at first in the countries allied with England, but will eventually spread to the four quarters of the globe.

TO GAIN A POUND A WEEK For Three Months

Begin taking regularly five granule tablets, which are made from a formula recently discovered by an eminent chemist.

Physicians and chemists assert that this tablet is very largely used for increasing the weight and improving the nervous system because of its aid to digestion, assimilation and absorption. The food elements which go to make blood and solid tissue is retained when this treatment is regularly used for several months. Most physicians and apothecaries supply them in sealed packages.

DIAZ INTENDS TO LEAD NEW REVOLT AGAINST CAPITOL

Former Leader Supposed To
Have Raised Army of Thirty
Thousand in Oaxaca

Will March on Mexico City to Decide
Whether He or Carranza is to
Occupy Presidential Chair.

Washington, March 8.—What manner of man is this Felix Diaz, who is reported to have raised an army of 30,000 men in the State of Oaxaca with which he purposes to march on the City of Mexico to decide whether he or Carranza or some one else is to occupy the presidential chair?

Diaz is a nephew of the late Porfirio Diaz, the iron man of Mexico, who was overthrown by Madero and forced to spend the last years of his life in exile in Europe. During the presidency of Gen. Diaz his nephew was often spoken of as his successor, and the impression throughout Mexico in those days was that the nephew was being groomed, so to speak, to step into his uncle's shoes on the death of the latter.

Felix Diaz was born forty-nine years ago in the State of Oaxaca, in the south of Mexico. He entered the Military Academy of Chapultepec in 1883 and was commissioned a lieutenant of engineers in 1889. His first military service was on the geographical commission which prepared the great military map of Mexico. At its conclusion he was in supreme charge of the work, which is conceded to be a masterpiece of its kind.

At the time of the Spanish-American war Diaz became colonel of the General Staff of the Mexican Army, and later was twice elected to congress from Vera Cruz. He had become a formidable political figure by 1902, and was then regarded as the most likely successor of his uncle, President Diaz, who made him inspector general of the police of the City of Mexico in 1905.

In that capacity Felix Diaz won a reputation for severity and cruelty. During his administration it has been said, more prisoners were put to death than in any other police regime in the history of Mexico. Diaz, however, denied this.

As the Madero regime in Mexico neared its close, Felix Diaz automatically became the leader of the discontented men in the regular army and in October, 1912, temporarily made himself the master of Vera Cruz. This revolt proved to be a mere rest and imprisonment. His arrest was followed by an uprising, during which the prison was stormed and Diaz freed.

By the terms of his compact with Provisional President Huerta, Felix Diaz announced himself as a candidate for the next presidency of Mexico, and at once strongly entrenched himself at the Hacienda del Chivero at Atzacapazalco, about twenty miles from the City of Mexico.

Dispatches from Vera Cruz dated October 28, 1912, brought the news that Felix Diaz, in accordance with his own request, was under the protection of the United States. He had been taken aboard the gunboat Wheeling soon after midnight and later was transferred to Rear Admiral Fletcher's flagship, the USS Iowa.

From Vera Cruz Diaz is reported to have written a few weeks ago to the United States government, asking for a second Mexican embassy to be established in the City of Mexico.

AN ORCHESTRA WITH THE PICTURES

—AT—

THE OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT IN THE FUTURE

—OUR DETERMINATION—

The Best Pictures-----The Best Music

We Are Presenting Both Each Night

At The Following Prices:

ADULTS 10c

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Come Tonight and See For Yourself

PITTSBURGH



William Penn Hotel

Sixth Avenue, Oliver Avenue and William Penn Place

Convenient to theatres, department stores and clubs

1000 Rooms

Opened Thursday, March 9

C. A. Blanchard, Managing Director

LUMBER CITY.

B. C. Ferguson, big hearted fellow, that he is, prepared his long led and two teams, Tuesday evening, took a load of young folks to the famous institute at Kerrison, telling all who would to "pile on." They had a jolly time, though arriving late at Kerrison.

Foreman C. C. McCracken will soon add to his force of men, working on the section, N. Y. C.

The brick plant is still adding to its force, so everything is on the "hum."

A satisfactory deposit of fine clay has been exposed on J. L. Hill's farm which will be hauled to factory, soon as the weather will justify.

The ice crop has been harvested, and Mrs. Read has held her opening sale of ice cream.

Moise and Hamilton had to return to readjust the "spurs" on harness at the school house, due to a defective harness in shipment.

The schools are now adding to the wards the pupils.

Rev. Flegal will be on 14th for a session of conference of the church every.

The dollar price drew many a load of potatoes out of the store at the late fall of snow.

John T. Cupples has contributed to the school house, due to a defective harness in shipment.

There were no prizes at the school house.

Not a luxury, but a necessity. Charles' pins, one cent per dozen at the Workman's Cash Grocery.

There will be a dance at the Workman's Cash Grocery, March 11. Doors open at 8 o'clock.

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TEXAS Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

Waco, March 8.—A large and enthusiastic attendance marked the opening here today of the annual convention of the Texas Young Men's Christian Association. The delegates in attendance represented city, student and railroad branches of the organization in all parts of the state. At its initial session this morning the delegates were addressed by Fred H. Smith, the international secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

"Vaporize" Croup or Cold Troubles

Vapor treatments for cold troubles are better than internal medicines. The vaporizer, the medicament vaporizer, the lungs and air passages without disturbing the stomach.

When Vicks' Vaporizer Salve is applied as a vaporizer and chest these vapors, released into the air of the lungs, are inhaled with each breath. 25c to \$1.00.

VICKS' VAPORIZER SALVE

The Very Best Flour That Money Can Buy



Geo. H. Lum

Sole Agent DUBOIS, A.

ACT QUICKLY

It's about time you started to repair your fences. We are prepared to serve your wants for fencing of every description, everything from plain straight wire for ordinary field fencing to the most artistic woven fencing for lawns. Especially interesting will you find our prices on poultry wire. Make a list of your requirements then come in and see how satisfactorily we can fill them for you.

WM. F. POWELL

H. & C. Phone 86.

23 S. Second Street

Bell Phone 8-J.

Clearfield, Pa.

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Call Mrs. Hippler on West Side.

WANTED—Furnished apartment or house. State location and size. Answer by letter only to "House," care of Progress office. M5-4f.

FOR SALE—Plain Domestic cook stove for sale cheap. Call or write Chester Dorey, Overly Bros. store, East End. M6-5tp.

FOR SALE—Shoats, 75 to 90 pounds. Inquire Sunnyside farm, Lawrence township or J. A. Frank, Curwensville, Pa. M. 8-4f.

FOR RENT—Store room at Winburne, Pa. 40x60. All modern conveniences. Apply at Kramer's store, Grassflat, Pa. M. 7-4f.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR MAY PRIMARY

(Primary Election, May 16th, 1916.)

FOR CONGRESS

CHAS. H. ROWLAND,
of Philipsburg, Centre County.

We are authorized to announce the name of Chas. H. Rowland, of Philipsburg, Centre County, as a candidate for re-election for a second term to Congress, under the customs and usages of the Republican voters, and Republican organizations of the 21st Congressional District, composed of Clearfield, Centre, McKean and Cameron Counties, at the uniform Primary Election to be held on May 16, 1916.

FOR ASSEMBLY

W. E. PETERSON,
of Morris Township, Pa.

Subject to the action of the Republicans of Clearfield County at the Primary Election, May 16, 1916. Postoffice, Munson, Pa.

DELEGATE TO CONVENTION.

Editor of The Clearfield Progress, Clearfield, Pa.

You are hereby authorized to announce that I am a candidate as Delegate to the National Republican Convention from the Twenty-Fifth Congressional District, subject to the rules of the Republican primaries to be held in May, 1916.

A. H. GAFENEY,
Kane, Pa., Feb. 26, 1916.

FOR NATIONAL DELEGATE.

WILLIAM I. SPOWE,
of Clearfield County, Clearfield.

We are authorized to announce the name of William I. Spowe, of Clearfield, Clearfield County, as a candidate for Delegate to the Republican National Convention, to be held in Chicago, June 7th from the 21st Congressional District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre, McKean and Cameron, and subject to the will of the voters at the uniform Primary Election, May 16th, 1916.

GLASS OF SALTS CLEANS KIDNEYS

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You, Drink Lots of Water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract.

Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts, which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with alkali, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; can not injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clear and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

ALASKA RAILROAD TO BE RUNNING BY NOVEMBER FIRST

Work Now Being Held Up While Bill For Two Million Appropriation is Before Congress

What Opening Road Means in Development of Alaska is Only Conjecture, But Fact That Terminal of Line Has Rapidly Grown Indicates That Development Will be Great.

Washington, March 9. (By United Press.)—With a satisfactory labor supply, and good weather conditions, Chairman W. C. Edes of the Alaskan Engineering commission hopes to have in operation nearly one third of the proposed government railroad in Alaska, by November 1. It is the hope of the commission that the work on the railroad can be pushed to the Mananaska coal field by fall. At the present the work is being held up while an emergency bill, asking for a two million dollar appropriation is before congress.

What the opening of this railroad will mean in the development of Alaska is merely a matter of conjecture, but the fact that a town of 1500 has grown up at Anchorage, one of the terminals of the railroad, since the announcement of the route, indicates that the development of the north country will be great when the road finally is completed.

During the coming season it is planned to construct about 150 miles which will comprise a connecting line between the Alaska Northern railway, now owned by the government, and the lines under construction, a branch line running from Anchorage into the Mananaska coal fields and several miles of railroad running out of Fairbanks, the proposed northern terminal of the lines.

The construction of this railroad is a tremendous engineering task. At Broad Pass the lines will run through a stretch of twelve miles of almost solid rock, which will entail the building of numerous tunnels, the longest of which will be 1100 feet. At Broad Pass also there will have to be constructed a steel bridge 1500 feet in length and at Fairbanks several bridges will be built.

Under favorable conditions, by May 1, 4000 men will be employed on the construction work, and more than a million dollars worth of machinery, taken to Alaska from the Panama Canal zone, will be in operation.

Although 22 miles of rail already have been laid between Mananaska Bay and Anchorage, no attempt has been made to operate it. However, during the present winter the Alaskan commission has been operating the Alaska Northern, which the government has taken over, for a distance of 34 miles out of Seward. Three trains a week have been run over the line, and the operation has been a financial success, since the cost of maintenance is not included in the operating expenses. Before the Alaska Northern railway can be operated to the full extent of its 71 miles, a large amount of repair work will have to be done, and this will be undertaken during the coming summer.

If the present plans of the commission materialize and a force of 4000 men is put at work, it is believed a large part of this force will locate in Alaska and take advantage of its mineral and agricultural wealth, and thus the first step in the development of the country will have been accomplished.

HOME CREDIT WORK SYSTEM IS INAUGURATED IN OHIO

Bellefontaine, O., March 9. (By United Press.)—If a boy or girl in the rural schools of Logan county brushes his teeth, takes a bath, retires before 9 a. m. and sleeps with the windows open, nine credit marks will be given him or her at school, six marks being for the bath and one mark for each of the other items.

If the pupil cleans a lamp, carries in two sentences of coal, dusts the furniture, sweeps a room, makes a bed, washes the dishes, turns the cream separator, gathers the eggs, makes a bird box or milk stool, other credit marks thereby are gained at school.

The plan is part of the home credit work system adopted in the rural schools of the county based upon the plan originated in California. The county board of education expects the scheme to vitalize the work of the schools.

Cash prizes have been offered to the pupils in the rural schools of the county, and for the best sample of letter writing, marked training, the most scientific, etc., etc., making an acre of corn, etc. The plan will be awarded on May 15, which is the "Farm School Day" and on which day the school will be closed and the prizes will be awarded to the pupils in the county.

CURWENSVILLE

Gospel meetings are being held in the Baptist church every evening, except Saturday, at 7:30 with preaching by the pastor. Sunday evening a special sermon will be preached to the I. C. M. A. Bring your "Famous Hymn" book and help to sing. Everybody welcome.

Backtail Camp, No. 128, Penna. Division Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., was organized at Curwensville, on Tuesday evening, March 7, 1916, by Division Organizer, Walter E. Smith, of Allentown, Pa. The following officers were duly elected:

Commander, Percy E. Smith.
Senior vice commander, Christian Gaudin.
Junior vice commander, Edgar R. Buzzell.
Patriotic instructor, James Munma.

Camp council, Hugh M. Irvin, G. Mark Clute, John M. Kelly, Chaplain, Jack R. Leach, Secretary, Fred P. Robinson, Treasurer, S. W. Karstetter, Color bearer, C. Ray Smith, Guide, Harvey M. Smith, Inner guard, William L. Leach, Outer guard, Harvey Hawk, Musician, Scott W. Phillips.

Representative to state encampment, John A. Dale, S. W. Karstetter. All sons and grandsons of soldiers of the Civil war are eligible to membership, and as a large number of the descendants of soldiers of the Civil war live in the vicinity, the prospects of a large camp are excellent.

Dr. S. J. Waterworth, of Clearfield, had occasion to come to town last night.

L. E. Hays returned from Glen Campbell yesterday.

Clarence Ammerman was a Clearfield visitor Tuesday evening.

Samuel P. Bressler attended to business at Grampian yesterday.

Theodore Brown made a trip to Sandy Ridge yesterday.

Ira Payne, of DuBois, was a business caller in town yesterday morning.

Oscar Bilger a former Curwensville boy, now with the Merwin Beef Co. at DuBois, was a caller in town Wednesday.

Way Powell, of Clearfield, was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Doughman, of Grampian, paid a visit to town yesterday afternoon.

Miles Wall left yesterday for a trip to eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Holten were Clearfield visitors yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. James Edmiston was a caller at the county seat yesterday.

We have been informed that John McLaughlin and Edward Gallagher of this place have purchased the McCloskey Bros. store at Clearfield and will take charge of same in the near future.

Raymond Younk was a county seat visitor yesterday.

Peter Pizzello of this place, while facing with a .32 calibre revolver Tuesday night, at his home at Nantua road happened to accidentally pull the trigger on the gun and shot himself through the liver. Dr. King was immediately summoned and for a while the man's life was despaired of. The doctor after a time was able to get the wounded man in such condition as would permit his being taken to the Clearfield hospital. He is reported to be resting well at this writing and his chances for recovery are bright.

Samuel P. Smith, of this place died last evening at 6 o'clock at the Clearfield hospital, after a three weeks illness which started with a paralysis stroke.

The deceased was born on a farm near Curwensville in 1861, making him 55 years old at the time of his death.

The greater part of his life was spent in Curwensville where he was engaged in the livery and restaurant business.

About six years ago the deceased was one of the Pennsylvania men who for the state was involved in a battle of the state, but he was not a soldier.

The deceased five years ago Mr. Smith had been employed at the Clearfield hospital, but he was not a doctor. He was a very kind and generous man and was very popular in the community. He was a very good father and a very good husband. He was a very good citizen and a very good man.

Carpenters Are Driving Pollock's Stock Through The Front Door



That is literally a fact. Grant Butler's men working like beavers in the rear of the old store room, are crowding up to the temporary partition which shuts off the front of the building, and are yelling for more room.

That condition further reduces prices for you, for there must be no delay in remodeling the store. Last week a ten per cent. reduction was offered. This week the reduction on seasonable goods

Averages Twenty-five Per Cent on the Dollar

If this was an ordinary sale such reductions would not be startling, but the goods you can now buy cheaper are absolutely fresh stock, and much of it is Spring Stock that Was Bought Before Remodeling Was Decided Upon.

Look over these prices, and act quickly. This stock must be moved, and there will be no sacrifice too great to clear it out immediately.

ALTERATION PRICES ARE HERE:

Children's Shoes with and without heels, now .48c
Children's Shoes in all styles, patent leather, now .48c
Misses patent leather cloth tops, gun metal cloth tops\$1.35
Misses patent leather cloth tops, gun metal cloth tops and vici kid\$1.25
Ladies patent leather, gun metal, kid and cloth tops, high or low heels, lace or button\$1.49 and \$1.79.

SPECIAL OFFER NOW!!

Ladies' Tan Shoes, high or low heels, button or lace, regular \$2.95 now\$1.48
Boy's heavy every day shoes\$1.48
Boy's Dress Shoes\$1.85
Men's Work Shoes, tan and black\$1.79
Men's Dress Shoes, tan and black, also English style, button or lace\$2.50
Men's and Boy's heavy Wisconsin Logger Shoes\$2.75

A full line of the Original Chippewa Shoes, Stoughton hand-made, and Dayton Logger Shoes reduced 25 per cent. on the dollar.

RUBBERS.

Children's Rubbers29c and 35c
Ladies' Rubbers35c and 48c
Men's Rubbers59c and 79c

CLOTHING.

A full line of Clothing consisting of men's, and boy's coats, mackinaws, trousers and fine suit sare reduced at 25 per cent. on the dollar.

FURNISHINGS.

Men's Caps35c
Men's Work Socks4c
Men's Dress Socks11c
Men's Wool Socks19c
Men's Handkerchiefs4c
Ladies' Handkerchiefs2 for 5c
Full line of Canvas Gloves and Jersey Gloves at 8c
Leather Mittens and Gloves23c and 28c
Also a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags reduced.

Pollack's Bargain Store

"The Peoples' Store"

306 Market Street

Near Third Street

Open Evenings Until Nine O'clock

Services on Saturday afternoon and
burial will be made in the Oak Hill cemetery.

SOUTH DAKOTA LAND OPENING

Pierre, March 8.—Approximately 100,000 acres of land in South Dakota will become subject to entry by homesteaders in the near future. The land is located in the western part of the state, and is of good quality. The opening will be for a period of 30 days, and the land will be sold at a low price.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

For the cure of all the common ailments of the human system, such as constipation, indigestion, headache, etc., etc. They are the most reliable and most effective of all the pills ever made.

FOR THAT SORE RAW THROAT

Try this—results are certain. Just use an original yellow box of true Maudslayi and rub it on your throat and upper chest. Do it twice a day and you will find it will be gone in the morning.

Not a luxury, but a necessity. It is the only one that is not put down at the drug store. It is the only one that is not put down at the drug store.

MAKE YOUR OWN PAINT Save 58 cts. per gal.

IT'S SIMPLE ... THIS IS HOW
Just mix 3 Gals. L. & M. Semi-Mixed Real Paint, at \$2.25 per gal. - \$6.75
4 Gals. L. & M. Semi-Mixed Real Paint, at \$2.25 per gal. - \$9.00
You then mix 1 Gal. Pure Lead for \$1.75
It's only \$1.67 per gal.

Made with right proportions of Lead, Zinc and Linseed Oil. The best paint in the world.

Use a gal. out of any L. & M. PAINT you buy, and if not the best paint made, return the paint and get ALL your money back.

BUTTON HARDWARE CO., Clearfield,
J. L. SMITH & CO., Curwensville.

AVON
THEATRE
TONIGHT
WM. FOX PLAY
WILLIAM FARNUM
The \$100,000 Star
— IN —
"The Broken Law"
A Drama of Gypsy Life
Admission 5 and 10 Cents.

FALSTAFF COMEDY
"The Postmaster of Pineapple Plains"
A NOVELTY
"Spring Onions"
Mutual TOMORROW'S FEATURES Mutual
HELEN HOLMES In THE GIRL AND THE GAME
CHAPTER 7: "SPIKE'S AWAKENING"
See Helen Thrown From Fast Train to Speeding Automobile

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Charles Smith and brother, of Curwensville, spent yesterday with their brother, Samuel Smith, at the hospital.

Oscar Mitchell returned this morning from a trip to Bellefonte.

Mrs. Harold Eldridge, of Philipsburg, is visiting in town.

Mr. and Mrs. James Prindible returned yesterday from a visit with relatives in Patton.

Fifteen members of the Current Event Club sleighed out to Schryver's yesterday and had a fine roast chicken dinner.

Miss Mildred Hunter, of Mill Hall, and Miss Marjorie Snyder, of Kerrmoor, are the guests of Miss Alta Kowles.

Fred Jenkins, of DuBois, was a Clearfield visitor yesterday.

E. W. Hess attended to business in DuBois yesterday.

Mrs. A. F. Maurey, of Curwensville, was shopping in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Norris and son, Jack, attended the funeral of Alfred Way at Curwensville yesterday.

Mrs. Samuel Moore, of Curwensville, spent the day with Mrs. Blain Clever.

Miss Lena Murray, of Le Contes Mills, spent yesterday with her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Bowman.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lingle and daughter, of Shawville, were Clearfield visitors yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Maurey, of Grampian, was a Clearfield visitor yesterday.

Austin Guelich, of Turnpike Avenue, is rejoicing over the arrival of fifteen little White Legorns chickens. It keeps him busy firing the furnace and knitting stockings for them this zero weather.

Dr. D. V. Merrill, of Philipsburg, spent last evening in town.

Mrs. Percy Holton and Mrs. Percy Maurey, of Curwensville, spent yesterday in town.

REPORT OF SCALE COMMITTEE MEETS DEMANDS OF MEN
(Continued From Page One)

13. We demand pay for all narrow work.

14. We demand that all local inequalities and internal differences shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment.

15. We demand the right to test scales for the checkweighman and District Executive Board.

16. We demand the abolition of the permanent Board of Arbitration, and that all disputes arising under this Scale Agreement shall be determined by joint action of the two organizations.

17. We demand that the matters of blacksmithing charges, company doctor charges, and rates of house rent and coal shall be determined by the Joint Scale Committee.

18. We demand that this Contract shall be in force for a period of two years.

Upon the recommendation of International President White which was adopted by the International Convention, and is recommended by District President Purcell in his report that we continue work after the expiration of the present Agreement pending negotiations, we beg leave to submit the following: That we will continue to work after the expiration of the present Agreement, pending negotiations, provided, that before the date of expiration the Scale Committee representing the Operators shall have met the Scale Committee representing the Miners and agree to Clause 1 of our demands to be put into force and effect from April 1st, 1916, and that in the event they do not meet prior to the expiration of the Agreement, or do not agree to Clause 1 of our demands that the Scale Committee shall be vested with discretionary power to order a suspension of work.

In the event that all of our demands are not agreed to by the Operators and any changes are made in this original proposition, if in the judgment of the Scale Committee, they are worthy of consideration, they shall sign the same tentatively, and submit the same to the rank and file for a referendum vote. If the Scale Committee does not get a proposition which they will submit for a referendum vote they are empowered to discontinue negotiations and order a suspension.

In the event a suspension of work is ordered they (the Scale Committee) shall submit to the rank and file for a referendum vote a recommendation of settlement and policy.

Explanatory Notes	
General Tonnage Rates.	
Pick mining per gross ton	75.36
Pick mining per net ton	67.29
Machine Rates	
General machine rates shall be based upon a differential of 14.29 cents per net ton.	
The basic price for cutting, scraping and loading per net ton shall be 53 cents.	
Puncher machines loading per net ton	39.75
Cutting and scraping per net ton	13.25
53.	
Gross Prices	
Cutting, scraping and loading per gross ton	59.36
Loading per gross ton	44.52
Cutting and scraping per gross ton	14.84
59.36	
Electric Chain Machines (Bottom Cutters.)	
Loading per net ton	42.98
Cutting and scraping per net ton	10.07
53.	
Loading per gross ton	48.016
Cutting and scraping per gross ton	11.2784
59.36	
Machine rates for punchers to be based upon 75 per cent for loading, 25 per cent for cutting and scraping.	
Machine rates for Electric Chain Machines (Bottom Cutters) based upon 81 per cent for loading, 19 per cent for cutting and scraping.	
The tonnage prices for cutting and scraping, both puncher and electric machines (bottom cutters) shall be divided equally between the cutter and scraper.	
The differential is based upon the present price of 42 cents for loading, 14 cents for cutting and scraping, with puncher machines, gross ton.	
Clause 13—Narrow Work	
Narrow work shall mean:	
First. Places less than 10 feet wide.	
Second. Places from 10 to 12 feet wide.	
Third. Places from 12 to 14 feet wide.	
Fourth. Places from 16 to 18 feet wide.	
Prices in each mine shall be graduated according to width.	
Fifth. All places driven as entries or back entries must be driven within 18 feet wide.	
The pay for all narrow work shall be termed a local inequality and shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment.	
The basing point for narrow work yardages, other than entry or back entry rates, shall be the price paid per yard in back entries. Where no yardage rates are in existence in entries and back entries, it shall be a matter for local settlement.	
Clause 14.	
Dead work, such as taking up bottom and down top, in all places where no yardage is now paid; the standard weight of mine cars, prices for rolls, spars and clay veins, shall be referred to the Local Union for adjustment. Where the miner is required to lay road in old rooms or pillars, bail water, timber bad places, clean up falls of roof, lay curves in pillars or shoeies, he shall be paid at the rate of 37.27 cents per hour for all time.	
Dead Work Scale	
Inside Day Labor.	
Boss trackman	40 cents per hour
Motor runners	38.85 cents per hour
Trip riders (rope)	38.85 cents per hour
Trappers	30 cents per hour
All other classes of inside day labor not specified in this agreement 37.27 cents per hour.	
Outside Day Labor.	
Engineers	40 cents per hour
Firemen	35 cents per hour
Blacksmiths	38.85 cents per hour
Plane runners	35 cents per hour
Carpenters	35 cents per hour
Repairmen	35 cents per hour
Electricians	40 cents per hour
Machinists	40 cents per hour
All other classes of outside day labor not specified in this agreement 30 cents per hour.	
Clause 16.	
In all cases of dispute arising under this Agreement as to the meaning of any clause the matter shall be taken up for adjustment, first, by the mine committee and the local management; they failing to agree the matter shall be referred, second, to the District Board Member and the local Superintendent; if they fail to agree the matter shall be referred, third, to representatives of the Joint Executive Board of the two Organizations, who shall settle the matter within five days.	
Clause 1.	
It shall be a condition of employment that all men working in and around the mines shall be members of the United Mine Workers of America, and all companies to this Agreement shall collect from the employees all dues, fines, assessments and initiation fees levied by the different branches of the Organization, when shall have preference over all other collections and be turned over to the authorized agent of the United Mine Workers of America.	

Extraordinary Values In Seasonable Merchandise

For Friday, Saturday and Monday, March 10th, 11th and 13th

Three Important Value Giving Days on just the kind of merchandise you need at this time and later. Almost every department contributes to this three day event. Below we mention a few of the many specials to be found here Tomorrow.—Come Tomorrow.



The Important Features of The Spring Fashions in Woman's Apparel Are Here Revealed

Here Are Becoming Models for Every Woman, and a considerable variety of them is displayed

New Sport Coats on Sale Tomorrow at **\$5.95**

These are the smartest Sport Coats we have ever offered at this popular price. They come in the late checks, plaids and plain shades, belted effects, with large pockets; remarkable values for...\$5.95

QUALITY PLUS ECONOMY

Our chief claim on your patronage is based on the fact that we sell only merchandise of the most dependable qualities at prices that are invariably reasonable. Thus, you are sure of securing quality merchandise here, and you are also sure of paying for it the lowest price for which it can be sold.

If you are interested in buying merchandise of quality and character at reasonable prices, the policy of our store will suit you to a T.

\$1.00 New Corsets for 79c.

Here are Corsets that never sold for less than one dollar. They are all new models, rust proof, embroidered trimmed, with supporters; all sizes; special for these three days, only at 79c

\$1.25 Brassieres for 59c.

A small lot of Net and Alover Embroidery Brassieres that sold regularly up to \$1.25; special 59c each.

RARE VALUES IN RIBBONS, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

75c 27-in. Flouncings for 49c Yard.

27-in. Embroidered Flouncings in several dainty new patterns, made of Fine Swiss; regular 75c value; special at 49c yard

40-in. Wide Ribbons at 29c Yard.

Extra wide Taffeta Ribbons in floral and striped patterns, rich colorings, suitable for hair bows sashes, etc., a 40c value for 29c yard

Fine Torchon Laces at 5c Yard.

Fine Torchon Laces and Insertions, 1-in. to 3-in. wide, large assortment of new patterns to choose from; specially priced at 5c yard

Latest Novelty Scarf and Cap Sets in plaids and leather trimmed, offered below regular price.

\$1.00 Sets, special at 79c

\$1.50 Sets, special at \$1.29

Separate Caps of velvet, plush and corduroy, in late styles; these were made to sell at \$1.00. Buy them here at 59c

Ladies' 15c Hose for 9c.

Ladies' fast black Hosiery, ribbed tops, double heel and toe, all sizes, a 15c value for 9c pair

AMERICA'S PRETTIEST WASH FABRICS Specially Priced.

Showing Fashion's Favorites for the Spring and Summer Periods.

The dainty designs together with the open daintier grounds on which they appear illustrate the efforts of artist-designers. We believe these tub materials are the richest of five spring seasons—the word richest referring to fineness of texture, harmony of color combinations, and design. In fact, richest in every respect but the price. That indeed is very reasonable.

Here you will find broad varieties, specially priced at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c and 25c yard.

Wash Goods Special—12½c Dress Gingham at 10c yard.

Splendid assortment of pretty new Dress Gingham in small checks and stripes; 32-in. wide; fine quality; the regular price 12½c; our special price, 10c yard.

Oh! How Nice the Basement Looks—That's what we hear from those who have visited this department since it has been remodeled. And too, the fine assortments of New Rugs, Curtains and Curtain materials adds greatly to its improved appearance. We invite you to pay this department a visit tomorrow.

A Most Excellent Display of Room Size RUGS OF QUALITY AT MATCHLESS PRICES.

Being connected with one of the largest buying organizations enables us to offer you Rugs at prices that can not be duplicated elsewhere. We guarantee to save you money. If you need a new rug this spring now is the time to make your selection while the assortments are large and the prices low. A small deposit will hold any you may select until needed.

SMALL RUG SPECIALS

Small Rugs are always needed in the home; get them now.

\$2.50 Axminster Rugs (size 27x54) special...\$1.95

\$4.00 Axminster Rugs (size 36x60) special...\$2.45

MAKE YOUR OWN CURTAINS

Our New Curtain Materials by the Yard Will Help You to Do so at Very Reasonable Cost.

Marquisette and Voile Scrims, either neat hem-stitched or open effect borders in white, cream and ecru...12½c to 25c

Scotch Madras will be popular this season. We have these in a fine selection at 29c yard

Sunfast Madras for portieres, overdrapes, etc., in brown, green and rose; priced at 50c yard

See the New Combination Drapery Material, overdrapes and scrim material, all woven in one piece; guaranteed fast colors; specially priced at 35c and 45c yard.

BASEMENT SPECIALS

25c Curtain Scrim at 19c.

10 pieces of New Curtain Scrim with plain and fancy borders, white and cream, fine quality, 25c value; special 19c yard

15c Colored Curtain Scrims at 8c Yard.

Colored Curtain Scrims in several oriental patterns, 12-in. wide, 15c value; special 8c yard

\$2.00 Couch Covers, \$1.48.

New lot just in. These Tapestry Couch Covers come in rich combinations of colorings; large size; regular \$2.00 value; special at \$1.48

Tapestry Portieres in green, brown and red, with Persian borders; these are slightly soiled, hence the reduced prices.

\$3.00 Portieres for...\$1.75

\$3.50 Portieres for...\$2.25

\$5.00 Portieres for...\$2.98



2 More Days of Bargains In White

Friday and Saturday

DOMESTICS AT SPECIAL PRICES

Long Cloth, India Linens, Pillow Cases, Bed Spreads, Nainsook, Towelings, Tubings, Towels, Cambrics, Sheetings, Muslin, Gingham.

See our 9-4 Unbleached Sheetings at 22½c yard today, value 28c yard.

One of the many good specials is Long Cloth, 10 yard pieces, at 68c piece.

Another article worthy of mention is yard-wide Unbleached Muslin during this sale by the web, today's wholesale price by the bale is 6½c yard.

Come—Consider—Critique—Compare

ROSS & WOODS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®